

# REPORT FOR: OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

**Date of Meeting:** 1<sup>st</sup> September 2020

Subject: Harrow Strategic Development

Partnership – Appointment of

Preferred Bidder

Responsible Officer: Paul Walker

**Corporate Director Community** 

Scrutiny Lead Councillor Ghazanfar Ali
Councillor Jean Lammiman

**Exempt:** 

Appendix 'E', 'F', 'G': Yes Exempt Appendices are not for publication by virtue of paragraphs 3 and 5 of Part 1 of Schedule 12 A of the Local Government Act 1972 as it contains information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information) and information in respect of which a claim to legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings.

Specifically, it contains information about the scores and relative merits of the proposals made by each of the two bidders which is considered to

relate to their financial and business

affairs.

Wards affected: ALL

**Enclosures:** Appendix 'A' Plans of the Council's

**Core Sites** 

Appendix 'B' Information

Memorandum for the Procurement

**Process** 

Appendix 'C' Extract from Invitation to Submit Final Tender detailing

requirements for bidder submission

Appendix 'D' Extract from Invitation to Submit Final Tender detailing scoring

methodology in full

Appendix 'E' Assessment of Bidders

submissions - Exempt

Appendix 'F' Financial implications -

Exempt

Appendix 'G' Risk register - Exempt

### **Section 1 – Summary and Recommendations**

The purpose of the report is to advise Cabinet of the outcome of the Competitive Dialogue stage of the procurement process under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015. Delegated authority to commence the procurement process was given by Cabinet in May 2019, confirmed again in June 2019 following a Call-In, to procure a partner with which to establish the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership ('HSDP').

#### **Recommendations:**

Cabinet is requested to:

- Note the outcome of the Competitive Dialogue stage of the procurement process under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 as outlined in this report.
- ii. Approve the appointment of Bidder B as Preferred Bidder with whom the Council will seek to establish the HSDP.

- iii. Agree that the procurement process proceeds to the Preferred Bidder Stage ('PB Stage') so the Preferred Bidder's proposal can be clarified, specified and optimised in accordance with the procurement regulations, in particular to formalise the structure of the vehicle, finalise legal documents and conclude the HSDP Business Plan.
- iv. Note there will be a further report to Cabinet, anticipated in the early part of 2021, which will seek authority to approve the HSDP Business Plan, make the procurement award, enter into the contractual documents and formally incorporate the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership.

#### Reason: (For recommendations)

In order to appoint a Preferred Bidder to establish the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership, enabling the development of the Council's three Core Sites and delivery of the Council's regeneration objectives.

### **Section 2 - Report**

#### 2.1 Introductory paragraph

At its meeting of 30th May 2019 Cabinet resolved that a Strategic Development Partnership, established through a joint venture was the preferred delivery approach for the development of Poets Corner, Peel Road and Byron Quarter Phase 1 (the Core Sites) in the Regeneration Programme. Cabinet approved the commencement of a procurement process under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and agreed a proposition to be put to the market as part of the procurement process, as set out in the Information Memorandum attached at Appendix 'B'.

The Cabinet decision of 30th May was subject to a Call-In. The decision was taken back to Cabinet in June 2019, where Cabinet resolved to confirm the decision of 30th May.

This report deals with the outcome of the Competitive Dialogue process and recommends Cabinet takes the decisions as set out in Section 1. It brings to members the request to appoint a Preferred Bidder in order that the Council can conclude a business plan and finalise contractual documents. At this stage, the Council is not agreeing the schemes proposed, including that for the Civic Centre, which will of course be subject to appropriate due diligence, public consultation and the planning process.

The Council is adopting a three -stage approach to determining the way forward.

Stage One: This report deals with the procurement process and seeks to appoint a Preferred Bidder which will allow the Council to engage with its proposed partner and to prepare for the development of its' core sites.

Stage Two: Members will have further opportunities to consider the Council's accommodation strategy in the Autumn; which will confirm the Council's future ways of working and finalise the requirements for the new Civic Centre.

Stage Three: This will inform the final business plan, and there will be a further report to conclude the business plan, close contractual documents and establish the HSDP in the New Year. This report will contain further detail on scheme proposals and indicative designs including the Civic Centre. Each of these stages will be the subject of member briefings and consideration by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

#### 2.2 Alternative Options

At the meeting of 30th May 2019, Cabinet considered a range of options for delivering the Council's key objectives and taking forward the development of the Core Sites.

The Council's agreed objectives were:

- To deliver wider regeneration across the Borough via new and improved mixed tenure housing, civic and community facilities, new employment space and the enhanced use of property assets within the Borough.
- To accelerate the pace of housing delivery across the portfolio of sites.
- To secure wider economic and social benefits for local residents, including skills and training, health improvement and new employment opportunities.
- Use existing and new property assets to optimise value for the Council.
- To contribute to the delivery of well designed, high quality places that make a difference for communities, businesses, residents and families both now and in the long term.

The Council's key priorities in the Core Sites are to:

- 1. Re provide the Civic Centre
- 2. Provide the Civic Centre at no cost to the Councils General Fund over the period of the partnership
- 3. Maximise Affordable Housing across the 3 sites

To deliver these objectives and priorities the Cabinet looked at the following options:

- Straightforward site disposal to a developer or builder
- Direct delivery by the Council
- Entering a development agreement with a developer or builder
- Formation of a strategic development partnership

The Council resolved to establish a Strategic Development Partnership and delegated authority to commence a procurement process to appoint a private sector partner to do this with. This report brings the competitive dialogue

stage of the procurement process to a close. There has been a positive outcome to this part of the procurement process as a result of significant market interest. The Council now has a committed potential partner and the Council's selected route has many advantages as set out in this report. There have been no changes to the Council's objectives, which are entrenched within the procurement and legal documentation, and this remains the recommended option.

However, alternative available options are:

#### 2.2.1 Do nothing

The Council has reserved its position and is not obliged to appoint any of the bidders in the event of bids not being satisfactory, or otherwise not wishing to proceed.

Pursuing this option would mean that there would be no development on any of the Core Sites, yielding no regeneration benefit and no housing development, either market or affordable, through this procurement process.

A new solution to the Council's Regeneration Objectives would need to be agreed and actioned, which could include an alternative route to the delivery of a new Civic Centre or simply a continuation of the occupation of the current site. The Council currently occupies a Civic Centre that is both outdated and requires significant resources to merely keep it operational. If this option is chosen and the Council remained in occupation, it would mean that significant expenditure would need to be incurred to keep the building operational and COVID 19 safe, and no new Civic Centre would be provided. In addition, no land would be freed up to deliver housing across the currently underutilised Poet's Corner site.

#### 2.2.2 Review the delivery option

The consideration and reasons for pursuing a Strategic Development Partnership as outlined in the Cabinet report in May 2019, remain sound. To develop these Core Sites and meet the Council's overall objectives, a Strategic Development Partnership remains the best development option.

#### These are because:

- The option gave the greatest chance of achieving regeneration and development on a scale consistent with the Council's ambitions and objectives, enabling the wider economic and social benefits the Council requires.
- The flexibility of the partnership approach works best for multi-site and complex developments.
- The partnership will give the Council greater influence and control, as landowner, over the detail of the development including timescales and design quality.
- The opportunities to access skills, finance, supply chain and other benefits through the life of the partnership can support the Council's wider Regeneration Programme and community works.

 The Strategic Development Partnership will offer the Council the potential of optimising the return to be invested in order to achieve the Council's objectives as identified above.

#### 2.2.3 Pause the process and re-procure in due course

Given the uncertainty in market conditions as a result of the COVID 19 disruption, Cabinet has the option to pause and await more certainty in the market as to the best options for housing, commercial and office development.

However, this would almost certainly necessitate a re-procurement, involving considerable further cost, and there is no guarantee that at the end of such a process there would actually be clear market certainty. Over the life time of a long-term partnership such as this, market conditions can be expected to change on a number of occasions, and one of the advantages of a partnership approach is to enable the flexibility to respond to this.

The strong advantage of appointing a Preferred Bidder at this point is that the Council will have a partner with whom the market, and the best response to market conditions, can be discussed. While the procurement process does impose certain constraints on what can be developed on the site, over the lifetime of a partnership such as this, it is inevitable that business plans will evolve and having a partner in place to enable that is a significant advantage.

Accordingly, the proposed option is to appoint a Preferred Bidder and progress into the next stage.

Notwithstanding the recommendations in this report, appointing a Preferred Bidder does not at this stage commit the Council to enter into any legal agreement, or indeed to the establishment of the HSDP at all. That decision can only be taken by Cabinet after the close of the Preferred Bidder Stage and will be the subject of a further report.

#### 2.3 Background

Some years ago, the Council set its ambitions to progress Harrow's regeneration, growth and development under the brand of 'Building a Better Harrow'.

This Regeneration Strategy covers the period from 2015 to 2026 and it outlines three core themes:

**Place** - Providing the homes, schools and infrastructure needed to meet the demands of our growing population and business base, with high quality town and district centres that attract business investment and foster community engagement.

**Communities** - Creating new jobs, breaking down barriers to employment, tackling overcrowding and fuel poverty in our homes and working alongside other services to address health and welfare issues.

**Business** - Reinforcing our commercial centres, promoting Harrow as an investment location, addressing skills shortages, and supporting new business start- ups and developing local supply chains through procurement.

The Councils aim is to continue to promote sustainable communities by encouraging the right type of Development and Growth throughout Harrow. This is key to the success of the Regeneration Programme, building in sufficient infrastructure across the borough that will invigorate our local economy, attract new businesses and employers to the borough improving employment, education, and work opportunities for our residents. This is intended to provide a sense of place, well -being and welcome community for all. Harrow already has a wide ranging and diverse set of communities and the regeneration programme will build on this success by encouraging new families and people who want to come to live, work and relax in Harrow.

At the heart of this was a determination to build good quality homes for Harrow's people, partly through the use of the Council's own assets. At the same time, the Council set out its' need to develop a new Civic Centre to replace the aging and no longer fit for purpose building located on the site known as Poets Corner.

The Council then reviewed its options, in May 2019, for delivering these ambitions, considering the following:

- Straightforward Site disposal
- Direct Delivery
- Development Agreement
- Strategic Development Partnership

It concluded that the Council should seek to establish a Strategic Development Partnership, because:

- The option gave the greatest chance of achieving regeneration and development on a scale consistent with the Council's ambitions and objectives, enabling the wider economic and social benefits the Council requires.
- The flexibility of the partnership approach works best for multi-site and complex developments.
- The partnership will give the Council greater influence and control, as landowner, over the detail of the development including timescales and design quality.
- The opportunities to access skills, finance, supply chain and other benefits through the life of the partnership can support the Council's wider Regeneration Programme and community works.
- The Strategic Development Partnership will offer the Council the potential of optimising the return to be invested in order to achieve the Council's objectives as identified above.

In summary this option was the best route to delivering the ambitions of the Regeneration Strategy, 'Building a Better Harrow.'

The Council reviewed which of its sites should initially be placed into the partnership and concluded that the three sites should be those at Poets Corner, Peel Road and Phase 1 of Byron Quarter.

Poets Corner is situated to the south of Harrow and Wealdstone Station, bounded by Marlborough Hill, Railway Approach and Milton Road. The site currently comprises the existing Civic Centre complex and is approximately 11.4 acres.

Peel Road is situated to the north of Harrow and Wealdstone station and is bounded by Canning Road, George Gange Way and Gladstone Way. It extends to approximately 1.4 acres and currently comprises Peel House Car Park and the existing Ashram Temple, which is being relocated to an adjacent site.

Phase 1 of Byron Quarter is a 3.7acre site in the south eastern corner of the Byron Quarter Masterplan area, bounded by Stuart Road, The Byron Recreation Ground, the Belmont Trail and Christchurch Avenue.

Plans of all the sites are appended at Appendix 'A'.

There is potential to add further sites to the partnership at a later date where they accord with the objectives of the HSDP. The Council's strategic partner is likely to be keen to explore such options should this be the case. The clear benefit is that the Council will have a ready- made development partner with relevant expertise and without a need for further procurement.

Following that review, Cabinet resolved to commence a procurement process under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 to procure a development partner whom it would work alongside to deliver regeneration, new homes, social and economic benefits and a sense of place, across the Core Sites, in accordance with the objectives outlined above.

#### 2.4 The Procurement Process

The procurement process follows the Competitive Dialogue process under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015. The stages of the Competitive Dialogue process in this procurement are:

- Publication of an OJEU Notice
- Selection Questionnaire (SQ)
- Invitation to Submit Outline Solutions (ISOS)
- Invitation to Submit Detailed Solution (ISDS)
- Invitation to Submit Final Tender (ISFT)
- Preferred Bidder (PB)
- Contract Award

#### 2.4.1 OJEU Notice

The procurement process was launched on 21st June 2019 with the publication of a notice in the Official Journal of the European Union and the

issue of a Selection Questionnaire (SQ) to the market on the 25th June 2019. A formal launch took place at Peel Road car park on 27th June 2019.

#### 2.4.2 SQ Stage

The Selection Questionnaire is the first stage of the Competitive Dialogue process which examines the prospective bidders existing track record, looking at their technical capacity, professional ability and economic and financial standing. A range of questions were asked and assessed on the following:

- Mandatory and discretionary grounds for exclusion for a range of civil and criminal offences
- Economic and financial standing
- Ability to provide guarantees
- · Technical and Professional Ability
- Modern Slavery
- Insurance
- Skills and Apprentices
- Grave Professional Misconduct
- Equalities

Thirteen (13) organisations completed and submitted a response to the SQ. These responses were evaluated and moderated, resulting in five (5) organisations successfully proceeding to the ISOS Stage.

#### 2.4.3 ISOS Stage

The Invitation to Submit Outline Solutions (ISOS) was issued to the five bidders on the 12th August 2019. Dialogue sessions at ISOS stage started on 19th August.

The Dialogue sessions covered bidders' submissions with regard to their proposals for:

- partnership and governance
- strategic vision
- · design and placemaking
- project delivery
- social value
- finance and business planning and legal

During the course of the ISOS dialogue phase one bidder withdrew from the process on the basis, principally, that the opportunity did not fit their business model at that time.

After the conclusion of the dialogue, Outline Solutions were submitted by the bidders on 11th October. These included:

- Outline design proposals for all three core sites
- Financial model demonstrating viability across the core sites and cost neutrality in relation to the new Civic Centre
- Social Value Proposals

Updated legal Heads of Terms

The Outline Solutions were subsequently evaluated and moderated, with the three highest scoring bidders identified and invited to the next stage, being the ISDS Stage, with one bidder being deselected.

At this point, formal draft legal documents were produced and on 18th November these formed part of the Invitation to Submit Detailed Solutions that was issued to the remaining three bidders.

Dialogue recommenced on 21st November, considering in greater detail, the same key themes:

- partnership and governance,
- strategic vision,
- · design and placemaking,
- project delivery,
- social value,
- finance and business planning and legal

In accordance with the Competitive Dialogue procedure, there was no formal evaluation at the ISDS stage.

The Invitation to Submit Final tenders was issued to all three bidders on the 5th March 2020 and the closing date for submission was the 16th March 2020.

Three submissions were received, and the evaluation process commenced but as a result of the COVID 19 emergency, and the need to deploy staff to help with this, the procurement process was paused between the 3rd April 2020 and the 11th May 2020. It restarted on that date and the evaluation completed with the final moderation process carried out on the 17th, 18th and 19th June 2020.

During the ISFT evaluation period, one further bidder withdrew from the procurement process after the evaluation had restarted due to a change in the direction of their business.

At all stages of the procurement process, the submissions were scored by relevant advisers and Council officers followed by a moderation process facilitated by the Head of Procurement, to ensure fairness, equity and robustness in the scoring and tender evaluation process

#### 2.5 Requirements of Bidders

At the final tender stage bidders were required to submit answers to the final tender questions and submit final mark ups of the draft legal documents, together with a commentary on all legal issues and answers to the legal questionnaire. Critically, also the bidders submitted their proposed financial model.

The detailed requirements of the final tender documents are set out in the appendices to this report.

In summary, bidders were asked to submit proposals for their approach in the following areas:

#### 2.5.1 Partnership and Governance

Strategic Leadership, Partnering and Accountability

The Council is seeking a strategic development partner who is able to work collaboratively and will put in place structures to deal with issues in a proactive and responsive manner. Bidders were asked to incorporate strategic leadership and partnering approaches as well as operational and management resourcing and show how these combine and integrate effectively.

Bidders were particularly asked to show an understanding of the Council as a public body, including the Council's fiduciary duty to ensure the Council utilises funds in a careful and prudent manner.

The approach is to demonstrably lead to successful delivery, describe management and governance structures including the Partnership Board and show lines of escalation for problematic issues.

#### Operational Management Resourcing

In this area bidders were expected to demonstrate capacity across the partner organisation and sustainable support and buy – in, including from senior management. Competency of skills and expertise, continuity, role clarity and effective management structures are required together with a demonstrable ability to adapt to fluctuating project demands.

Bidders were required to show how they would engage with the Council in terms of management and governance structures, including engaging with elected members and existing governance structures. The resource plan also needed to ensure quality of service, reliability and value for money for the HSDP for both services delivered by the partner directly and through third party procured advisers and partners.

#### 2.5.2 Strategic Vision, Design and Placemaking

Overall Vision and Aspiration

Bidders were expected to understand the historic and existing context, the demographics and aspirations of residents, uses, demand and change affecting town centres, local services and infrastructure.

The response was to include an overall vision and aspiration for the development of the Core Sites, the creation of places people will want to live in and which will be sustainable, the role of open space, play space and public realm and an approach to ensuring high quality design. Bidders were asked to provide a high quality HNC building, a response to the provision of the potential school and to have regard to the Council's Climate Change Strategy and Declaration of Climate Emergency.

An important component of this question was to maximise affordable housing within the constraints of cost neutrality, and to outline density, type and tenure

including specifically how it meets local demand and provides genuinely affordable housing for Harrow residents.

The masterplan should demonstrate that the Council's objectives will be met.

#### Phasing Strategy and Project Programme

The sequencing and relationship between the three sites is critical to ensure the delivery of the Council's objectives, to deliver step change in the quality of the environments and contribute to the wider regeneration of Harrow and Wealdstone.

The contribution of phasing to enhance placemaking, generate asset value and maintain development momentum are all critical, as is the sequencing of the delivery of HNC and affordable housing to minimise the Council's borrowing requirements and help to achieve cost neutrality.

A strategy for interim and meanwhile uses was required, as in particular was a detailed phasing plan.

#### Community and Stakeholder Engagement

Engagement with the community and key stakeholders is critical to the success of this project and bidders were asked to provide a detailed strategy for this, demonstrating an understanding that engagement must be appropriate and tailored to the needs of the Borough's diverse community groups.

The strategy was to identify key community groups including third party landowners and leaseholders, residents, Council staff and the broader voluntary and community sector and establish how engagement will be carried out and feedback incorporated into proposals. Obtaining of views on a continued basis from those who are less likely to contribute so that all opinions are understood was a key requirement. Bidders were also requested to specify how any concerns will be addressed and mitigated.

An approach to national and regional government engagement was also requested.

Responses were to include details of specific initiatives to be undertaken as part of stakeholder engagement, both formal and informal, and of the key aims of each engagement.

#### 2.5.3 Project Delivery

#### Overall delivery strategy

Bidders were asked to submit a detailed and resilient overarching delivery strategy explaining how they will organise and manage the delivery process to achieve the project objectives within an optimal timeframe. This included an appropriate programme, tools and techniques for delivery, approaches to the HNC and affordable housing and the approach to long term asset management.

A sales and marketing strategy was requested, together with coverage of meanwhile uses and a detailed project risk register.

#### Planning Strategy

Given that planning consent across the Core Sites is critical to the overall success of the HSDP, bidders were asked for a planning strategy to include the type of consent and their understanding of the policy context.

The strategy was to include key planning risks, approaches to successful engagement with the Council and the GLA, a detailed programme and clarity on the approach to tall buildings where proposed.

#### 2.5.4 Social Value

The ISFT stresses the importance to the Council of the Social Value Agenda and references the Council's policy decisions on Social Value, its' key objectives and the intention that Harrow's community and businesses should benefit from the regeneration of the Borough.

Bidders were asked to provide a detailed 'Social Value Method Statement which sets out a plan to meet the Council's Social Value Objectives across the full development cycle. This was expected to provide SMART targets for achievements in skills and employment, developing local supply chains, environmental considerations, and capacity building support for voluntary and community organisations.

Detail on the provision of expertise by third parties and sub-contractors, working with voluntary organisations, funding of the approach and the wider economic impact of the developments was all expected.

#### 2.5.5 Finance

Bidders were required to submit a financial model demonstrating returns to the Council and confirming the bidders required financial metrics.

Part of the Council's objectives is to generate sufficient returns to achieve a cost neutral position with respect to their funding of the HNC and to ultimately generate surplus receipts to fund Council services. Cost neutrality was a minimum expectation and was assessed on a pass / fail basis.

The Council's key requirements in assessing the question are:

- Cost neutrality and the ability to minimise the requirement of any impact on the Council's General Fund in relation to funding and financing the HNC.
- Deliverability of the financial and commercial propositions.
- Ability to deliver early capital and sustainable long term revenue receipts.
- Ability of the proposals to maximise the Council's land value and surplus receipts after funding of the HNC.
- Sensitivity and robustness of the returns proposed in the submission to changes in market conditions.
- How the submission minimises the likelihood of viability issues; and minimisation of the Council's peak exposure.

 How proposals will maximise returns while minimising overall risk exposure.

In order to evaluate proposals against the Council's requirements bidders were required to submit the following:

- a) Target return metric
- b) Loan note coupon rates
- c) Main contractor's profit margin
- d) Development Management Fee
- e) Total Capital returns (Capital and Revenue)
- f) Net Present Value of the Council's position
- g) HSDP Internal Rate of Return
- h) Council Peak Equity Exposure

All of the bidders' financial proposals are submitted to a robustness test, ensuring that they are aligned with quality proposals, are market facing and where applicable are justified by evidence.

Bidders were also asked to set out their approach to land valuation where schemes are to be developed in phases, and the proportion of such uplift that would be available to the Council.

A clear funding strategy was also required to show how bidders would go about funding the core sites in the most efficient manner, describing how it will be secured, risk managed and third -party grant obtained if applicable. The cost of finance, of operating the HSDP and managing and minimising these costs was also required.

#### 2.5.6 Legal

Bidders were required to review the draft documents produced by the Council and its' external legal advisers. As part of their Final Tender Submission, bidders must have confirmed that they either accepted the terms of the legal documents without amendment, or otherwise that they required changes. Where amendments were proposed, the Council and its advisers would assess these to determine whether the proposed amendments materially alter the balance of risk between the bidder and the Council. The assessments determined an overall score that took into account the aggregate effect of all suggested amendments to the legal documents.

Bidders were also required to submit a questionnaire to demonstrate the commercial offer of the bidder, and where these commercial proposals were included in the legal documents to demonstrate consistency of approach across the tender submission.

#### 2.6 Evaluation Methodology and Criteria

#### 2.6.1 Panel evaluation

The evaluation panel was made up of Council Officers from the Service Area, Legal and Finance, Economic Development Team and external evaluators

from our legal advisors Pinsent Masons and our commercial advisors Avison Young

A core set of the panel evaluated the whole bid and then subject matter experts evaluated key sections. The evaluation period was between 17th March 2020 and 15th June 2020 (taking into account the pause between 3rd April 2020 and the 11th May 2020 as outlined above).

Evaluators strictly scored the submissions in accordance with the instructions in the ISFT; there were different scoring methodologies for each section due the complexities.

The Evaluation Criteria are set out in detail in Appendix 'D' of this report.

In summary the marks available for assessment are split between Price (Financial and Business Planning) 40% and Quality 60%.

The quality marks are allocated as follows:

•	Partnership and Governance	10%
•	Strategic Vision, Design and Placemaking	20%
•	Project Delivery	10%
•	Social Value	10%
•	Legal	10%

Both Price and Quality are further sub-divided by the component questions.

For each of the questions these are measured against scoring methodology and a set of criteria determining the score. These vary depending on the nature and complexity of the subject matter.

- Quality this was scored against a scoring methodology of 0 10
- Social Value was scored against a scoring methodology of 0 -5
- Legal this was scored against a scoring methodology of 0 -10
- Finance This was a much more complex scoring methodology due to the nature of the requirements; different methodologies were applied to the sub-criteria.

As has been remarked elsewhere, achieving cost neutrality was a pass / fail criteria in the financial scoring.

#### 2.6.2 Scoring of Bids

All bids were scored according to the evaluation criteria set out above. The preferred bidder scored 61.5% overall and 55.5% with the robustness score applied to the financial score.

The exempt appendix of this report sets out the detailed scoring of bids, and therefore provides the reasons for choosing the preferred bidder over the other bidders.

Performance of the two bidders is explained against the technical and quality questions, the financial model, and the response to the draft legal documents.

The winning score represents a good and market comparable score which will give the Council a good and effective partner.

The reasons for this being in the exempt part of this report are set out below.

#### 2.7 The Preferred Bidder

The recommended preferred bidder is Bidder B on the basis that this bidder received the highest overall score across all the criteria from the Evaluation panel and passed the requirement for cost neutrality.

The critical elements of the preferred bidders' proposal are:

- Strong track record in the delivery of homes and of civic buildings and offices
- Commitment to a positive response to the climate emergency and bold targets for eliminating harm to the environment
- Commitment to partnership ethos and shared and aligned vision
- Skilled and experienced team with clear resources and roles
- Proposal to deliver over 1,500 homes of mixed tenures in accordance with Council planning policy
- Flexible Civic Centre with efficient and sustainable design
- Commitment to social value with innovative ideas and a record of achievement
- Clear and effective strategy for delivery of projects
- Good financial and commercial proposition with balanced risk profile for the Council and good projected land values
- Competitive margins and market facing fees
- Clear funding strategy

#### 2.8 Recommendations of the Council's Advisers

The recommendations of the Council's professional advisers are set out below:

#### 2.8.1 Pinsent Masons

Pinsent Masons LLP, the Council's external Legal Advisor endorse, from a legal perspective, the decision to proceed with the selection of Bidder B to proceed through to preferred bidder stage.

The procurement exercise undertaken through the competitive dialogue procedure under the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 has ensured that a transparent, thorough and comprehensive process has been undertaken to arrive at the decision to select the preferred bidder.

The process followed has ensured that Bidder B is appropriate to be selected as the Council's partner and the legal form of joint venture and documentation largely concluded (including the framework for agreeing the proposed schemes). At this stage the Council is not agreeing the schemes proposed, (including that for the Civic Centre) which will be subject to further approvals by the Council following appropriate due diligence, public consultation and the planning process as well as additional legal pre-conditions.

#### 2.8.2 Avison Young

Avison Young, the Council's Commercial Advisor endorse the decision to proceed with the selection of Bidder B to proceed through to preferred bidder stage.

Their final submission responded well to the needs of the Council and their approach and ethos through the process has been one of collaboration, transparency and joint working.

We consider they bring a wealth of skills and experience within both public and private ventures and also in the town centre regeneration sphere and are well placed to work with the Council to deliver your ambitions for Wealdstone and the surrounding area.

The evaluation process has been set up so that a score of '6' indicates that the bidder has met all the requirements of the questions and exceeds expectations in some areas. As such we consider a score of 60-65% overall to be strong and typical for a winning bid through this type of procurement process. This is consistent with where we have run these processes elsewhere. With the robustness score applied as a check and balance this remains a good bid.

The financial proposition put forward by the preferred bidder provides the Council with a balanced risk/reward profile while delivering significant affordable housing and achieving the minimum requirement of cost neutrality in relation to the HNC.

The proposal submitted helps to minimise the Councils exposure to any borrowing taken out in relation to the HNC which reduces the on-going risk to the Councils general fund budget. The submission provides confidence that the financial solution is deliverable and market facing and has been subjected to robustness testing of the underlying assumptions. The financial strategy underpinning the quantitative outputs included in the final bid demonstrate the preferred bidders strong understanding of delivering projects of this nature with a key focus on driving value for the Council through the success of the HSDP.

#### 2.8.3 Governance and Relationship Management

It is proposed that the HSDP will be a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP), owned equally on a 50% share by the Council and its partner. The LLP will therefore be a separate legal entity. In summary, the Council puts in land and some financial investment, and the partner brings finance and technical expertise. The Council and its' partner bear equal shares of equity, risk and reward. The Partnership is run by a board of directors with three representatives each from the Council and partner, and equal voting rights. The directors will have statutory duties to act in the best interests of the LLP.

The arrangements for the governance of the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership, covering matters such as the constitution of the Board, the decisions reserved to members of the partnership and the arrangements for resolving deadlocks are set out in the Member's Agreement and other legal documents which have been negotiated during procurement dialogue and which will be finalised with the preferred bidder, before being presented to Cabinet for approval as part of the report for the establishment of the HSDP anticipated in early 2021.

While not subject to the Council's own specific audit regime, the HSDP as an independent legal entity, will appoint its' own auditors and be subject to its own duties for reporting.

The Council will need to make its own internal arrangements including nominating members of the HSDP Board, agreeing any delegation of decision making for those decisions reserved to the Council in its capacity as a member of the HSDP, and establishing working arrangements.

It is intended that shadow board arrangements will be put in place with the preferred bidder ahead of the formal establishment of the LLP, to enable the Board to form, and start functioning informally. However, the Board cannot take any formal decisions until the HSDP is formally incorporated following the approval of Cabinet.

The Council will be putting in place 'client' arrangements within the organisation in order to best support the engagement that will be necessary with the HSDP and its work. A range of officers from across the Council will be closely involved in the Council's collaborative working relationship with the HSDP.

Decisions taken by the Council in relation to the HSDP, and all internal processes associated with the vehicle (especially in relation to risk management) will be subject both to the Council's formal audit procedures and to the Council's scrutiny arrangements. Typically, the partnerships' activities on the Council's behalf would be subject to Scrutiny on an annual basis, but this could be more frequently if required, and can be built into the constitutional documents.

#### 2.9 Next Steps

The next stage of the procurement process is the Preferred Bidder stage 'PB' during which the legal documentation will be finalised in preparation for contract close.

The principal activities within this stage will include the finalisation of the contract documents, and the completion of the HSDP Business Plan, with an audit of the final financial model, and appropriate tax advice.

The Business Plan will be based on the bidders submissions as discussed in this report, but as they were produced before the main effects of the COVID 19 Emergency took effect, they will be 'clarified, specified and optimised' as permitted by the Procurement Regulations.

To enable the conclusion of the Business Plan the Council will separately need to fix and finalise its requirements for the Harrow New Civic Centre, and Cabinet will receive a report on this in the Autumn.

The strategy for engagement with the community and voluntary sector will also be further developed. As the council has a clear commitment to engage residents, businesses and the voluntary, faith and community sector in all its major activity, the opportunity to develop ambitious and sustainable plans for each of the major schemes will be enhanced through engaging with these stakeholders and groups. This engagement will also support the development of our Equalities approach as a number of local groups will be able to represent the views of our diverse Harrow community.

The intention is that a further report will then be brought to Cabinet early in the New Year 2021, most likely in February 2021, seeking authority to award a contract and conclude the procurement process, agree the legal documentation and establish the HSDP.

This approach will allow the Council to carefully and robustly establish its' position going forward and allow appropriate scrutiny by members at each stage.

#### Ward Councillors' comments

The Ward Members for the Ward in which the Core Sites are located have been consulted and have made no comments to date.

#### 2.10 Risk Management Implications

Separate risk register in place? Yes

A comprehensive risk register for the procurement process is attached at Appendix 'G' in the private part of this report.

#### 2.11 Procurement Implications

The Head of Procurement along with external procurement advisors have compliantly conducted a Competitive Dialogue procedure and can confirm that this procurement has not only strictly adhered to the Public Contract Regulations 2015 but has also demonstrated first class procurement practice.

This report, amongst other recommendations, is requesting approval to enter into the preferred bidder stage of the procurement. In early 2021 a further report will be presented to Cabinet seeking approval to award the contract following the closure of the preferred bidder stage.

The step by step detail of the procurement process including evaluation criteria and methodology is in the main body of this report at sections 2.4 to 2.6.

#### 2.12 Legal Implications

The Council has a range of statutory powers to permit it to participate in the proposed Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) and associated joint venture arrangements.

Section 1 of the Localism Act 2011, known as the general power of competence (GPC) permits local authorities to do anything that individuals can do subject to any specific restrictions contained in legislation. The Localism Act additionally provides where, in exercise of the general power, a local authority does things for a commercial purpose, the authority must do them through a company. The law provides that the use of an LLP is lawful where the local authority's primary or dominant purpose is not a commercial purpose. This report has made the Council's objectives (paragraph 2.2) clear and therefore the Council's primary or dominant purpose in purpose in entering into the LLP are not commercial.

The Council is able to establish and participate in an LLP pursuant to the general power of competence above and where it is established to facilitate or is conducive or incidental to the discharge of any of its functions, the power set out in section 111(1) of the Local Government Act 1972.

The Council has statutory authority to hold property for a variety of purposes including those mentioned in section 120(1) of the Local Government Act 1972 which include for the benefit, improvement and development of their area. The Council also has the power to invest for any purpose relevant to its functions under any enactment; or for the purposes of the prudent management of its financial affairs (s.12 Local Government Act 2003).

The Council may dispose of land by agreement in accordance with Sections 123 of the Local Government Act 1972 and consequently, transfer land into the chosen corporate vehicle, provided that disposal is made having received the best consideration reasonably obtainable.

The title to each of the Core Sites has been reviewed. Whilst all are burdened by various covenants and legal impediments, it is envisaged that the Council will use its statutory powers of appropriation pursuant to the Housing and Planning Act 2016. Such powers extinguish title encumbrances insofar as they could impede development and instead allow any party whose rights have been infringed to claim compensation.

In July 2019, at its Governance, Audit, Risk Management and Standards Committee, the Council adopted the best practice recommendations as laid down by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (CSPL) for local authorities following CSPL's review of local government ethical standards. The LLP will, by definition, not be a wholly owned vehicle, but will be a partnership. However, it will be encouraged to adopt these best practice recommendations wherever applicable.

#### 2.13 Financial Implications

The financial implications for the Council of Bidder B's submission are detailed in Appendix F (exempt) and summarised in this section of the report. These implications are as a result of the procurement process detailed in this report and will be revised as the business case is developed. When years are referred to in this section, year 1 covers the period 01/07/20 to 31/03/21. From year 2 onwards, the full financial year is covered starting 01 April.

#### Staff and external advice and support

The Council has already created capacity to fund the revenue implications of staff employed to support the HSDP and external advice and support. The capacity created is £3.750m allocated equally over the three years 2020/21 to 2022/23.

#### **Council Capital Investment**

The Council is required to invest 2 streams of capital into the HDSP:

### Stream 1 – Investment of £40.674m into the three core sites (excluding Harrow new Civic Centre)

Bidder B's model assumes a total investment of £40.674m into the three core sites (excluding Harrow new Civic Centre). This investment will be funded by the value of the Council land transferred into the HSDP and capital investment funded by external borrowing (£23.813m).

The capital investment of £23.813m required from the Council will be repaid by capital receipts from the HDSP as the core sites are completed. The timing of capital investment and capital receipts will not balance themselves out evenly and for this reason there will be periods where the Council will incur interest charges if the investment is funded by external borrowing.

Over the 12 year development period, the Council will incur interest payments of £1.690m, based on an interest rate of 2.5%. Over the same period, the Council will receive a total of £7.490m which is the interest return from the HSDP from the Council's £23.810m investment. The Council has flexibility on how it deploys this interest return but a first call would be to fund the interest costs of borrowing the £23.810m.

Based on the model, there is only likely to be an annual interest charge in years 3 and 4 in the region of £283k net. From year 5 there are sufficient returns from the HSDP interest return to fund interest charges until the end of the development in 2032. In years 3 and 4 all efforts will be made to further reduce the interest charges by considering:

- The application of internal capital receipts (if available)
- The use of short term temporary borrowing

It is important to note that the Council is not required to invest the £23.810m in one single tranche. The investment is required over years 3 to 10 and peak debt exposure is in year 9 at £7.4m.

In terms of the impact in the Council's 3 Year Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and Capital Programme 2021/22 to 2023/24, based on the model there is a requirement to include capital investment of £8.525m into the Capital Programme to reflect the investment required in years 3 and 4.

## Stream 2 – Investment of £27.061m for the Harrow New Civic Centre (HNC)

Bidder B's model shows the gross cost of the HNC at £45.016m. This is reduced to £27.061m after applying capital and revenue receipts from the HDSP, during the construction period, from developments on the three core sites running alongside the HNC.

The construction period for the HNC is modelled over years 1 to 5, 01/07/20 to 31/03/25. For the Local Authority, capital charges are made up of two elements:

- Interest Charges The Council will not incur any interest charges during the construction period. After taking advice from the Council's commercial advisors, the industry norm is to capitalise interest charges during the construction period. This totals £1.645m and is included as part of the £45.016m gross cost
- Minimum Revenue Provision The Council is required to make a
  minimum revenue provision (MRP) for all assets purchased by debt which
  reflects an annual charge to the revenue account over the useful life of
  the asset. An MRP charge is not applied to assets under construction
  hence will also not be a cost during the construction period.

The net residual cost of the HNC of £27.061m is the value of debt that the Council will be left with at the end of the construction period which will be subject to an MRP charge (£1.614m) which is included as part of the £27.061m. This £27.061m cost will be fully funded from capital and revenue receipts received from the HSDP.

Within the net residual cost of £27.061m, the Council has two periods when it will have to fund a proportion of the MRP charge from the general fund. This is purely a timing issue until enough additional receipts are available from the HSDP to refund the Council:

- In years 6 & 7 £1.764m (£1.213m and £551k respectively) from the general fund which will be repaid in full in year 8.
- In year 9, £486k from the general fund which will be repaid in year 10.

Dependent upon timings the Council could opt to use some of the £7.490m interest benefit (as previously mentioned) rather than calling on the general fund.

In terms of the impact in the Council's 3 Year Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and Capital Programme 2021/22 to 2023/24, the construction of the HNC has no impact on either.

#### 2.14 Equalities implications / Public Sector Equality Duty

When taking decisions, local authorities must have due regard to the Public Sector Equality duty contained in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010.

The Harrow Strategic Development Partnership is being formed to deliver the Council's regeneration ambitions on the three core sites. These objectives, particularly in terms of the acceleration of the pace of housing delivery are specifically targeted at creating benefit for all of Harrow's diverse communities. Therefore, in order to ensure that the impacts on communities, and particular groups are understood, and how the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership can maximise benefits to Harrow residents

Equalities Impact Assessments (EQIAs) will be carried out accordingly on a project by project basis on all scheme business plans and proposals.

In terms of this decision, i.e. the appointment of a preferred bidder, an EQIA was carried out as part of the Cabinet report recommending the setting up of a Development Partnership in May 2019. On the basis that the appointment of a preferred bidder is being carried out in accordance with the approved and published procurement criteria this report has no further Equalities Implications at this time, as the bidder being recommended has objectively best met the procurement criteria.

It is currently proposed that the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership will formerly be set up in the early 2021, which will be a decision brought back to Cabinet. As part of this decision, business plans will be developed for the three initial sites, and accordingly full EQIAs for these sites will be carried out as part of the evidence base for the Cabinet decision to establish the vehicle. Therefore, on approval of the preferred bidder, the EQIAs will be commenced for each site to ensure the Council maximises the benefit of the Partnership for all residents and also avoids where possible, any disproportionate impact on any groups or communities.

There will also be further oversight through the Council's Scrutiny processes in the development of these business plans. As part of this process the evidence base being developed through the EQIAs will be considered as well.

The LLP documentation will require the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership to comply in all respects with legislation and good practice, and this too will be the subject of scrutiny at contract close in the New Year.

Discussions will take place with the Preferred Bidder when appointed to ensure that the HSDP policies and structures best reflect the requirements of the Council resolutions of 16th July 2020 concerning equality and the public sector equality duty.

#### 2.15 Council Priorities

The decision takes the Council to the next stage of establishing the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership, which is being set up to develop the Council's prime sites and to deliver the Council's regeneration objectives. This contributes to the Council's strategic objectives in the following respects:

#### **Building homes and infra-structure**

- Create a thriving modern, inclusive and vibrant Harrow that people can be proud to call home
- Increase the supply of genuinely affordable and quality housing for Harrow residents
- Support every Harrow child having a school place
- A strong and resourceful community sector, able to come together to deal with local issues

#### Tackling poverty and inequality

- Reduce levels of homelessness in the borough
- Empower residents to maintain their well-being and independence

#### Thriving economy

- A strong, vibrant local economy where local businesses thrive and grow
- Harrow is a place where people and businesses invest

#### Improving the environment and addressing climate change

Reduce the borough's carbon footprint

The Borough Plan also has an overriding theme **to tackle inequality and disadvantage.** Through the creation of the HSDP this will enable opportunities for local residents through the regeneration activity itself, such as apprenticeships, but also through the construction of new commercial space and the regeneration of the broader Wealdstone area, which will support future inward investment and sustainable growth to the benefit of local people.

#### **Environmental Impact**

The recommendation of this report which is to appoint a preferred bidder has no specific environmental implications. However, the HSDP when established will be responsible for developments on the Council's land and will be required to comply with the Council's Climate Change Strategy and contribute to the ambitions of the Declaration of Climate Emergency. Bidders responses to this were tested in the procurement process and the proposed preferred bidder gave good answers and commitment in this area. When the business plan is agreed, schemes are further developed and the report for contract award and close is brought in the New Year further detail on this will be provided

#### **Risk Management Implications**

See separate guidance notes.

Risk included on Directorate risk register? Yes

Separate risk register in place? Yes

### **Section 3 - Statutory Officer Clearance**

Name: Dawn Calvert

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 21 August 2020

on behalf of the\*
Monitoring Officer

Date: 20 August 2020

Name: Paul Walker Corporate Director

Date: 21 August 2020

#### **MANDATORY**

Ward Councillors notified: YES

# Section 4 - Contact Details and Background Papers

**Contact:** Julian Wain, Interim Director Commercial Development Community Directorate, Julian.Wain@harrow.gov.uk

#### **Background Papers:**

Cabinet May 2019

Cabinet June 2019



Rev	Date	Description
В	15.13.19	Labelling amended
С	20.05.19	Redline ammended - legal
D	20 05 19	Redline ammended - legal

- Land owned by Harrow Council
- ISSC Ashram land (post landswap)
- Proposed new civic footprint



D

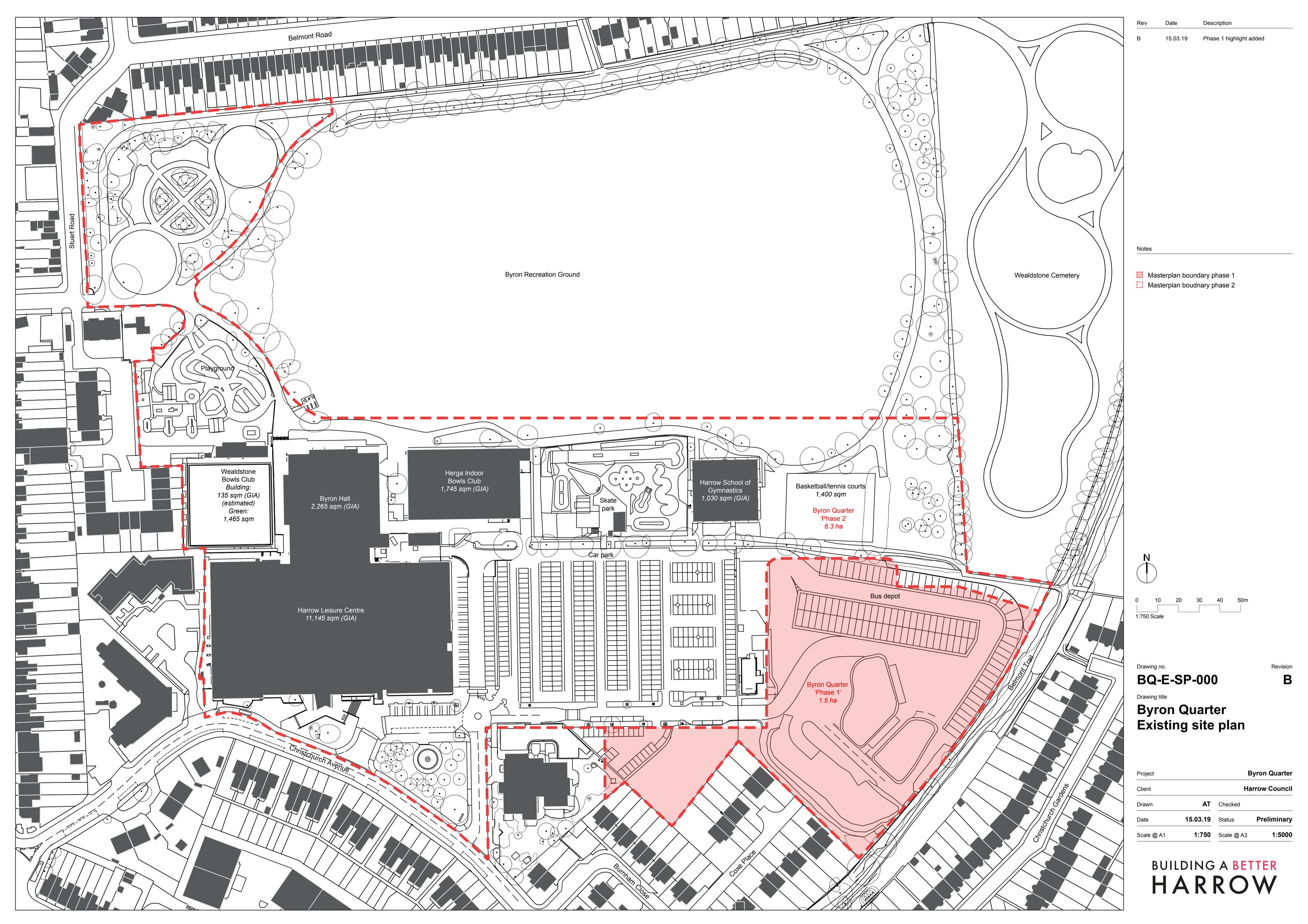
PH-E-SP-000

Drawing title

Peel House **Existing site plan** 

Peel House
Harrow Council
AT
14.03.19
1:1000





# HARROW COUNCIL

### INFORMATION MEMORANDUM









Harrow Council is seeking a Strategic Development Partner (the Partner) to deliver its regeneration ambitions across the Borough. This substantial opportunity spans three sites in the Harrow & Wealdstone area and includes the potential to deliver over 1,400 residential units and a new civic centre.

The Harrow Strategic Development
Partnership (HSDP) has the potential
to develop additional opportunities
beyond the specified 'Core Sites' as
identified within this document.

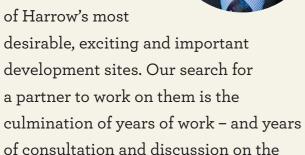
This memorandum comprises a guide for interested parties, providing an overview of the Council's vision and objectives, the commercial principles underpinning the HSDP and a summary of the proposed procurement process.



### Foreword

It's time for us to get building.

It gives me great pleasure to bring forward three of Harrow's most



doorsteps of our residents.

Put simply - the people of Wealdstone want and need more good quality, affordable homes and the prosperity that good quality development can bring to a rejuvenated town. We've put in the hard yards here at the council – we have Cabinet approval and a clear strategy.

All we need now is the right partner with the experience, expertise and commitment to see these projects through – and to share our aspirations for what we believe Wealdstone can become.

I look forward to working with you

### **Keith Ferry**

Harrow Council Deputy Leader



In Harrow Council,
you will find a
partner that
is ambitious,
100% focused
on delivery and
completely committed

to the best outcomes for local people.

These are serious and significant projects in terms of what they can do for the people and the opportunities available in this undervalued and underappreciated, but important, part of London. I know there is keen interest in working with Harrow and delivering regeneration and development for Wealdstone. In my career I have overseen some extraordinary projects, which have had a direct impact on people's lives. They have only been delivered successfully by building long-term relationships.

I look forward to forging new relationships and a new partnership for the future here. We are now ready to do that, with the right organisation – and I am pleased and proud to be preparing to deliver this ambitious vision for Wealdstone.

#### Paul Walker

Harrow Council Corporate Director

# The Opportunity

The Council is seeking a Partner to deliver the innovative regeneration of the Core Sites comprising Poets Corner, Peel Road and Byron Quarter (Phase 1), all held freehold by the Council.

The Core Sites are situated in close proximity to Harrow & Wealdstone Underground and Mainline Station (London Overground, London Northwestern Railway, Southern and Bakerloo Line), and also benefit from an extensive local bus network and are situated close to both the M1 and M40. The Core Sites are considered prime for redevelopment and it is anticipated that their strategic locations within the Borough will have significant wider regeneration benefits across Wealdstone Town Centre.

The Council hope this development will encourage further high quality development by others in the immediate location and wider Harrow area.

The Council is seeking a Partner who will enter into a 50:50 partnership with them. Beyond the Core Sites and subject to viability thresholds being met, there will be potential to draw additional opportunities into the HSDP. A pivotal aim of the partnership will be the re-provision of the civic centre which will enable the redevelopment of Poets Corner for alternative uses. The preferred partner will hold the financial capabilities, technical resource and experience to support the Council and proactively facilitate the delivery of this project.

### **Harrow New Civic**

A core objective of the HSDP is the delivery of a new Civic Centre (Harrow New Civic). It is the Council's preference that this is delivered on Peel Road, but the Council accepts the need to adopt a flexible approach to ensure that the most effective delivery strategy is adopted.

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### **Poets Corner**



Poets Corner is the Council's flagship regeneration project. Situated immediately to the south of Harrow and Wealdstone Station, the site currently comprises the existing civic centre and extends to c. 11.4 acres.

The Council has aspirations for a high quality, residential led development on this site.

The site is owned freehold by the council and is bounded by the Marlborough Hill, Railway Approach and Milton Road.

### Peel Road



The site currently comprises Peel
House Car Park and the existing
ashram temple which is being re –
provided on an adjacent site by the
council. It is situated immediately to
the north of the station and extends to
approximately 1.4 acres.

The Council have a strong preference that Harrow New Civic is delivered upon this site. Alternative proposals for the site suggest the capacity for 100-150 residential units alongside commercial and community provision should the new civic building be delivered on an alternative Core Site.

The site is owned freehold by the council and is bounded by Canning Road, George Gange Way and Gladstone Way.

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# Byron Quarter (Phase 1)



Byron Quarter currently comprises the Harrow Leisure Centre, Harrow School of Gymnastics, the Harrow Bowls Club and the former driving test track.

It is situated in the corner of Byron Recreation Ground in Wealdstone. The Byron Quarter Masterplan covers the regeneration of this area comprising new residential and leisure facilitates and extends to 19.3 acres.

This procurement exercise considers
Byron Quarter (Phase 1) only as outlined
in green. This is situated in the south
eastern corner of the Masterplan area,
extending to 3.7 acres.

The sites holds the potential for extensive residential and community led regeneration and all proposals for Phase 1 must be reflective of the need to integrate into the future development of the wider Byron Quarter.

The wider scheme has the potential to be drawn down at a later stage through agreement between parties.

The site is owned freehold by the council and is bounded by Stuart Road, the Byron Recreation ground, the Belmont Trail and Christchurch Avenue.

# The Council's Objectives

The Council has ambitious plans for growth and development as part of its Build a Better Harrow campaign which seeks to 'improve lives, provide jobs, enhance conditions for business and energise Harrow as a place'.

The major role of the Partner will be to work alongside the Council to deliver regeneration, new homes, social and economic benefits and a sense of place across the Core Sites.

The Council's explicit objectives are as follows:

- ➤ To deliver wider regeneration across the Borough via new and improved mixed tenure housing, civic and community facilities, new employment space and the enhanced use of property assets within the Borough.
- ➤ To accelerate the pace of housing delivery across the portfolio of sites.
- ➤ To secure wider economic and social benefits for local residents, including skills and training, health improvement and new employment opportunities.

- Use existing and new property
   assets to optimise value for the
   Council
- ➤ To contribute to the delivery of well designed, high quality places that make a difference for communities, businesses, residents and families both now and in the long term.

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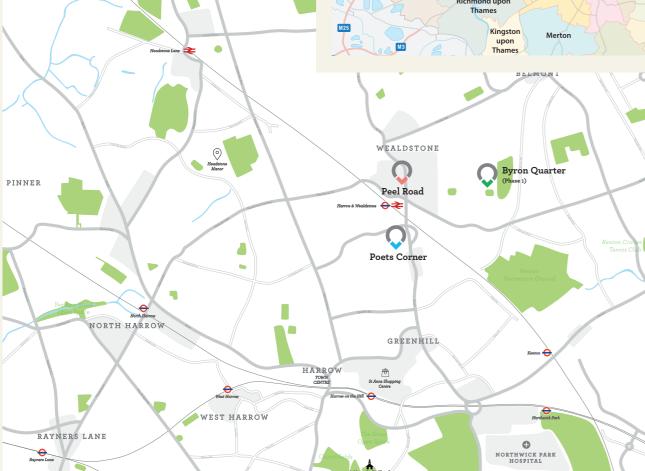
### Local Area

The Core Sites are extremely well located for public transport, situated close to Harrow and Wealdstone
Underground and mainline station
(London Overground, London
Northwestern Railway, Southern and
BakerlooLine), with fast trains into
London Euston in a journey time of just
14 minutes. Harrow is also well located for road transport being in close proximity to the M1 and the A40 (M40).

Harrow is an extremely desirable investment location. Once an Iron

Age settlement and a medieval manor, Harrow owes most of its built environment to the Metroland expansion in the interwar period. The borough is characterised by its large number and quality of parks and open





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spaces, its connectivity by rail and Tube to central London and the diversity of its people.

Harrow is a majority Asian ethnic borough, with more different faiths practised, and more different places of worship, than any other local authority area in the UK. Harrow is frequently named the safest London borough, the best London borough to raise and educate a child and the best London borough for small businesses.









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## **Planning Context**

### **Harrow Core Strategy**

The Harrow Core Strategy (Adopted February 2012) is a key part of the Local Plan which sets out Harrow's strategic approach to managing growth and development through to 2026.

Specifically, the Harrow and
Wealdstone (AAP) (Adopted July 2013)
contains detailed standards and policy
criteria which will be utilised when
determining planning applications
with the Harrow and Wealdstone
Opportunity Area. The Area Action
plan has been developed to ensure
that the anticipated scale of change
importantly meets the aspirations
of both the local community and the
Council.

The 'Heart of Harrow' has been identified to encompass the two town centres of Harrow and Wealdstone, the Station Road corridor linking the two centres and the industrial land and open space surrounding Wealdstone. This area has been identified by both the Council and the Mayor of London as a priority area for regeneration and an Opportunity Area.

The current London Plan (Adopted March 2016) identifies Harrow and Wealdstone as Opportunity Area 14.

Capacity exists to deliver substantial employment growth through an uplift in retail, office and hotel development within the town centres and the intensification of industrial and other business use within the Wealdstone Industrial Area. There is also scope to accommodate a substantial portion of the Borough's future housing need through the delivery of higher density residential and mixed use development on key strategic sites and renewal areas where development is matched by investment in infrastructure and achieves high standards of design and sustainability'.

The 2013 AAP includes specific guidance (including target housing outputs) for key development opportunity sites within the area, including the Core Sites. Since the AAP was adopted, amendments to the London Plan in 2015 increased the overall housing target for Harrow. The draft New London Plan (2017) proposes to increase the overall borough target even further. The London Plan

forms part of the borough's overall development plan against which planning applications are assessed, the other part being the Harrow Local Plan (including AAP). The Local Planning Authority will consider applications relating to the Core Sites having regard to the increased / more recent housing targets in the current and proposed London Plan, as well as

the policies in the adopted AAP and Local Plan generally.

There is an extant planning permission for Peel Road (P/573/17) for the development of a 9,362 sq m office and civic building and a building for a place of worship with ancillary residential use.

# **Commercial Principles**

The Commercial Principles are that a partner is sought with:

- > The experience, resources, expertise, vision and aligned mission to bring forward this opportunity at pace.
- ➤ The skills to develop commercially viable and deliverable planning applications for the Core Sites.
- Ability to prepare an overarching business plan to guide the approach to delivery within the context of an agreed financial model.
- ➤ The skills, resources and track record needed to confidently deliver opportunities of this nature and be a successful strategic development partner to the Council.

The necessary financial resources and proven ability to finance developments of similar scale and nature.



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# Required Services from the Strategic Development Partnership

It is envisaged that the Partner will undertake some or all of the following activities in order to achieve the project objectives:

- Provision of development management services as required to enable the delivery of development
- ➤ Land acquisition (where necessary) and land assembly
- ➤ The construction and master planning design process
- ➤ Development of the residential aspects of each site (including any ancillary commercial space if applicable) and on-going master planning of each site
- > Provision of Harrow New Civic;
- ➤ On-going consultation and communication with stakeholders;
- Obtaining planning consents;
- Commissioning construction
   phases and entering into
   appropriate construction contracts;
- Entering into development management contracts and housing estate management and

- maintenance contracts in relation to the Site:
- ➤ Marketing and managing sales of those phases within each site which are deemed to be appropriate for sale by the Partnership and entering into any necessary sales agency contracts and consultancy contracts in accordance with an agreed procurement policy;
- ➤ Where agreed, making arrangements for the long term ownership of PRS or commercial units constructed on each site to allow rental income to be retained by the Partnership as a strategic investment;
- ➤ Entering into legacy arrangements for the long term management and maintenance of the sites;
- ➤ Identifying new opportunities for the Partnership and preparing feasibility reports and plans for any such opportunities; and
- Securing financial support including any applicable public sector funding (where applicable).



# **Procurement Process**

The tender is being undertaken following the Public Contracts
Regulations 2015. Interested parties must complete and submit a Standard Selection Questionnaire (SSQ) electronically via the Council's Tender Portal www.londontenders.org. Please note that parties will need to register as a supplier on the Portal in advance in order to submit a response. The entire SSQ submission will be in electronic format via the portal.

Enquiries regarding access to the Portal should be emailed to lisa.taylor@harrow.gov.uk . All other queries and clarifications should be submitted via the Portal messaging function. Clarification responses will be provided to all interested parties via

the Portal within 5 working days where possible.

Following the SSQ process, a short-list of up to a maximum of five will be informed in August 2019 and will be invited to proceed to Outline Solutions Stage (ISOS), also commencing in August 2019. Following this, a final short-list of parties will be determined and a third stage, detailed solutions will commence, after which final tenders will be submitted.

Please note this timetable is provided as a guide, and whilst the Council aims to adhere to it, it reserves the right to amend the timetable at any time.

Name	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April
Cabinet Approval for procurement process												
Selection Questionnaire to short- list bidders issued												
Short-listed bidders invited to submit outline solution												
Short-listed bidders invited to submit more detailed solutions												
Following dialogue - final submission issued by bidders												
Evaluation & Selection of Preferred Bidder												
Cabinet Approval for preferred Bidder												

Key Event	Indicative Date	
Stage 1 - SSQ		
OJEU Notice Submitted	June 2019	
Return of SSQ	July 2019	
Stage 2 – Outline Solutions		
Invitation to Submit Outline Solutions (ISOS)	August 2019	
Submission of Outline Solutions	October 2019	
Stage 3 – Detailed Solutions		
Invitation to Participate in Detailed Dialogue	November 2019 – January 2020	
Closure of Dialogue	January 2020	
Stage 4 – Final Tenders		
Invitation to Submit Final Tenders (ISFT)	January 2020	
Submission of Final Tenders	February 2020	
Stage 5 – Selection		
Notice of Intention to Award	Spring 2020	

# **Further Information**

The Council has established a dedicated website for the opportunity, which includes a link to publicly available documentation, as well as site and surrounding area photographs. This is available at www.harrowregeneration.co.uk

The following further information is also available on the Council Tender Portal www.londontenders.org

- ➤ OJEU Notice
- > SSO
- Clarifications raised and responses
- Draft Invitation to Participate in Dialogue document
- > Site plans

A comprehensive technical pack of information will be made available to short-listed parties through the Portal following successful progress from the SSQ stage.

# Viewing

There are no organised site viewings prior to the SSQ submissions. Formal site inspections will be by appointment only on specified dates and will be held after successful progress from the SSQ stage to the ISOS short-list.

# Commercial advisors

Ishdeep.Bawa@avisonyoung.com +44 (0)20 7911 2657

kimberley.grieveson@avisonyoung.com +44 (0)20 7911 2895

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# 4. Final Tender Questions

4.1 Bidders are required to submit their Final Tenders on the basis of the solution presented and specified during the ISDS Stage.

4.2 The Final Tender questions are as follows:

# 1 – Partnership and Governance – 10% of Total Mark

For Final Tenders, the Council will be requiring a more advanced and detailed proposal in response to this question which should be prepared and submitted on the basis of the solutions discussed and presented during dialogue. The response should set out clear commitments and proposals capable of being put into action on inception of the HSDP.

#### Q.1.1 Strategic Leadership, Partnering and Accountability Approach

5% (Available Scores 0-10)

The Council is seeking a strategic development partner (the Partner) that is able to work collaboratively and will put in place structures to deal with issues in a proactive and responsive manner with a single point of contact and accountability.

Effective strategic leadership and partnering will be key factors for the successful management and working of the Harrow Strategic Development Partnership (HSDP).

Please set out your proposal and approach to form an effective and collaborative partnership with the Council at a strategic management level to ensure the successful implementation of the agreed Overall delivery strategy for this opportunity as is consistent with your response to Q3.1.

The response should incorporate the strategic leadership and partnering approaches as well as the operational management and resourcing approaches and demonstrate how strategic management and operational delivery management structures combine, operate and integrate in an effective way.

Based on solutions discussed and presented during dialogue and taking into account the additional points below, please set out a more detailed proposal and approach to form an effective and collaborative partnership with the Council across strategic management and operational management levels to ensure the successful implementation of the agreed delivery strategies across the Core Sites.

Your response should include the provision of a 'Partnership Charter' outlining the guiding principles of Member behaviour under the Members Agreement and to provide the Council with a better understanding of how the Bidder intends to conduct its future relationship with the Council.

Your response should address the following key issues:

#### **Key Issues**

- Demonstrate an understanding of the Council as a public body, including the Council's fiduciary duty to ensure the Council utilises funds in a careful and prudent manner. Bidders should identify how they will assist the Council in this regard;
- Demonstrate that your approach will lead to successful delivery;

- Provide a description of your leadership management and governance structures including key points of contact and the roles and responsibilities of the individuals (including proposed HSDP board members and senior project executives). This should include detailed consideration of your proposals for the operation of the Strategic Development Partnership Board, from establishment through to day to day running.
- Identify how the structure will operate in practice throughout the scheme to actively engage and involve the Council in project progress and responsive information sharing; development of strategic approaches and the decision making process.
- Demonstrate lines of escalation and availability which demonstrate accessibility, accountability and commitment to resolving issues.
- Show the approach is cognisant of the complexities of developing the Core Sites.

Further, responses should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Your proposal to form an effective and collaborative partnership with the Council;
- Your approach to dealing with issues (including escalation processes) in a proactive and responsive manner;
- Details of the single point of contact at the Bidder;
- CVs for all key personnel;
- An organogram (if appropriate) to assist in illustrating the structures and relationships.
- Your approach to accountability; and
- Details of how this proposal will ensure the successful implementation of the agreed delivery strategy for the opportunity including the roles to be played by key personnel.

Your response must not exceed 10 x A4 pages and may include images and diagrams. CVs will not form part of this limit but each CV should not exceed 2 sides of A4.

#### Q.1.2 Operational Management Resourcing

5% (Available Scores 0 - 10)

The successful operational management to oversee the delivery of the Project will require relevant skills, expertise and resources. Senior level commitment is considered paramount to the success of the HSDP.

Bidders should note that:

should any of the identified personnel leave the project team as a result of changing

employment, they must be replaced with a new team member with comparable experience and capability and the same job role. The procedure for changes to the project team will be agreed within the legal documentation; and

• it is envisaged that the Partner will provide Development Management Services to the HSDP.

Your response should address the following key issues:

#### Key Issues

The Council expects Bidders through their response to this Question to demonstrate that the proposal meets the following requirements:

- indicates robust capacity across the Partner organisation and demonstrates how support and buy-in for the project will be sustained in the Partner's organisation;
- shows a suitable range of competency, continuity and management structures to
  oversee the delivery of the range of services, works and objectives across the Core Sites
  and Community Facilities. This should include the roles they will play and the methods of
  working they will adopt;
- gives a balanced approach to efficiency and adaptability meeting fluctuating project demands.

Further, Bidder responses should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- A description of the key skills and expertise of the professional teams and advisors that will need to be assembled to manage and co-ordinate the delivery of the Core Sites and Community Facilities.
- Demonstration that the Bidder has a proposal with robust capacity, a suitable range of competency, continuity and management structures to oversee the delivery of the range of services, works and objectives across all phases whilst being balanced with efficiency and adaptability in meeting fluctuating demands.
- How you will involve and actively engage with the Council in the operation and continuity of the management and governance structures. This should include how you will achieve continuous improvement, adaptability and cultural alignment over the course of the scheme's duration. Your responses should also include how changes to key personnel will be managed to ensure project continuity and quality of individuals. Comments on the relationship with the Council's elected members and existing governance structures should also be considered.
- How the resource plan will ensure quality of service, reliability, capacity, availability, commitment and value for money for the HSDP for both services delivered by your bidding consortium members and internal resources as well as through the engagement of third party supply-chain providers and advisors.

Provision of a management and resource plan which sets out staffing and resourcing from
the Bidder directly and also what services are anticipated to be sourced via a third party in
accordance with the HSDP Procurement Policy as out lined in the legal documentation.
Clarity on the operation of each resource and the distinction between roles should also be
provided.

Your response must not exceed 10 x A4 pages and may include images and diagrams.

CVs for operational leads may be included within the submission. This is in addition to the word count stated.

# 2 – Strategic Vision, Design and Placemaking – 20% of Total Mark

#### Q.2.1 Overall Vision and Aspiration

10% (Available Scores 0 -10)

For Final Tenders, the Council will be requiring a more advanced and detailed proposal in response to this question which should be prepared and submitted on the basis of the solutions discussed and presented during dialogue.

Bidders should develop proposals to a level of detail capable, in the case of the Preferred Bidder, of forming the basis for the scheme to be refined by the HSDP, and then submitted for planning permission.

As is outlined within the Council Objectives as defined within the Member's Agreement there is a clear focus for the HSDP to deliver "well designed, high quality places that make a difference for communities, businesses, residents and families both now and in the long term." This is at the core of the Council's approach to placemaking across the borough and will be a guiding principle through the life of the HSDP.

This approach is embedded within the documents identified below which Bidders should have regard to when responding to this question.

These documents are contained within the Data Room, save for the planning application which is available via the Council's planning website.

- Harrow Local Plan Core Strategy (February 2012)
- Supplementary Planning document on Planning Obligations and Affordable Housing
- Statement on Harrow's approach to assessing the affordability of shared ownership
- Climate Change Strategy (2019 2024)
- The Council's Declaration of Climate Emergency: resolved 18th July 2019
- Wealdstone Public Realm Design Guide (2017)
- London Borough of Harrow Street Design Guide: for new residential street (2016)
- Harrow and Wealdstone Area Action Plan (July 2013)
- GLA Town Centres SPG (July 2014)
- Shaping Neighbourhoods: Character & Context, SPG (June 2014)
- Shaping Neighbourhoods: Accessible London, SPG (October 2014)

Peel House Car Park planning application
 http://www.harrow.gov.uk/planningsearch/lg/GFPlanningSearch.page

#### **Key Issues**

The Council expects Bidders through their response to this question to show an understanding of:

- The unique historic and existing context;
- The existing demographic, and aspirations of existing local residents, businesses and other stakeholders:
- Integration with both the existing and emerging townscape;
- Delivery within a complex urban setting;
- The changing nature of uses across town centres;
- The growing demand on local services and infrastructure.

Further, responses should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- An overall vision and aspiration for the development of the Core Sites and how they will have a positive impact on the wider area;
- The creation of places in which people want to live, which will remain functional, relevant and sustainable in occupation and use over the long term;
- The approach to ensuring consistently high quality design;
- The role of open space, play and informal recreation and the public realm and the approach to be followed;
- A response to the position of the school which is cognisant of any associated safeguarding issues. Where a solution is proposed with the school forming part of a mixed use building precedent images should be provided as an appendix to this question. The appendix should be no more than 2 x A3 images;
- The delivery of high quality HNC building (Bidders should have regard to the HNC Strategic Brief). In addition, Bidder's responses should contain schematic drawings for the Harrow New Civic to a detail level consistent with RIBA Stage 2;
- Have regard for the Council's Climate Change Strategy (2019-2024) and the Council's aspiration to promote low-carbon living and minimise future energy costs for residents, together with the Council's Declaration of Climate Emergency and its aim to make the borough Carbon Neutral by 2030.

- Maximising affordable housing within the constraints of cost neutrality
- Approach to density ranges, home type and tenure across the Core Sites including specifically how it meets local demand and the approach to genuinely affordable housing for Harrow residents. This should include:
  - o proposals as to tenure, affordable housing products and rental levels;
  - o approach to integration of affordable housing;
  - o strategy for long term management of these uses.
- Development of a site-wide commercial strategy; and
- Identification, mitigation and management of physical site constraints, including, but not limited to, utilities, daylight and sunlight, view corridors, flooding and drainage and transport infrastructure.

The masterplan should demonstrate that the Council's Objectives will be met, adhere to the design considerations set out above and reflect the feedback provided in dialogue sessions.

Bidders should also make clear which elements of its overall design approach are considered integral to the realisation of its vision for the Project, and which aspects may be capable of flex without compromising the overall approach.

Your response must not exceed  $15 \times A4$  pages and may include images and diagrams plus a further  $20 \times A3$  pages of images.

#### Q.2.2 Phasing Strategy & Project Programme

5% (Available Scores 0 -10)

Sequencing across the Core Sites is critically important to ensure the delivery of the Council Objectives around the pace of housing and the need for wider regeneration across the Borough.

The interplay of the three Core Sites is key and needs to be carefully considered by Bidders.

Based on solutions discussed and presented during dialogue please provide your detailed phasing strategy to bring forward developments across the Core Sites.

Bidder's submissions in respect of this question should be consistent and complementary to their overall submission and in particular their financial model.

The phasing strategy should emphasise how the Bidder proposes to secure the early realisation of step-change in the quality of the environments across the Core Sites and contribute to the wider regeneration of Harrow and Wealdstone.

#### **Key Issues**

Responses should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Phases which are considered catalytic or as an accelerator for the wider development or maintain development momentum;
- How phasing could contribute positively to enhancing placemaking and asset value through the sequence of developments;
- Sequencing of the delivery of the HNC that minimises the Council's borrowing requirements and helps to achieve cost neutrality;
- Sequencing of the delivery of affordable housing and how this relates to achieving cost neutrality;
- Recognition of site specific constraints of the Core Sites;
- Strategy for the provision of interim and meanwhile uses, activating spaces through the construction period; and
- A detailed phasing plan, demonstrating the proposed sequence of development and land use per phase.

Answers to this question must not exceed 8 x A4 pages plus a further 10 x A3 pages of images.

#### Q.2.3 Community and Stakeholder Engagement

5% (Available Scores 0-10)

Engagement with both the community and key stakeholders will be critical to the success of this Project and is a core priority for the Council.

Bidders should provide their detailed community and stakeholder engagement strategy based on solutions discussed and presented during dialogue.

#### **Key Issues**

The Council expects Bidders through their response to this question to:

- Demonstrate an understanding that the Borough has a number of diverse community groups; and
- Demonstrate an understanding that engagement must be appropriate and tailored the issues of those specific groups.

Further, Bidders' responses should specifically cover the following:

- Identification of key community and stakeholder groups;
- Approach to engagement with key third party landholders and leaseholders;
- The approach to Council staff, resident and community engagement to ensure continual
  appropriate engagement and inclusion of views from those parties who are less likely to
  engage to ensure the views and opinions of all key stakeholders are understood. This is to
  include specific detail on:
  - o how engagement will be carried out;
  - o the methods utilised:
  - o the process for ensuring feedback is effectively incorporated into proposals.
- Strategy for national, local and regional government engagement; and
- Approach to engagement regarding the key issues identified as a result of the community engagement session including how any concerns will be mitigated and managed.

Bidders' responses should include details of specific initiatives that will be undertaken as part of stakeholder engagement, including both formal and informal involvement.

They should also include an analysis of the key aims of engagement with each stakeholder group and an explanation of the how the proposals will achieve these aims. This should take the form of a structured stakeholder analysis and communication plan.

Your response must not exceed 8 x A4 pages.

# 3 – Project Delivery 10% of Total Mark

#### **Q3.1 Overall Delivery Strategy**

5% (Available Scores 0 -10)

For Final Tenders, the Council will be requiring a more advanced and detailed proposal in response to this question which should be prepared and submitted on the basis of the solutions discussed and presented during dialogue. The response should set out clear commitments and proposals capable of being put into action on inception of the joint venture.

The Council is acutely focused on the delivery of the Core Sites and Community Facilities and has made commitments to the local community in this regard.

The Council requires Bidders to submit a detailed and resilient overarching delivery strategy explaining how they will organise and manage the delivery process, to achieve the project objectives within an optimal timeframe.

#### **Key Issues**

Please provide your detailed Overall Delivery Strategy for the Project, demonstrating how it will be delivered in a cost effective manner and to a high standard, adding value within an optimal timeframe.

Further, your response should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Achievement of the Council Objectives as stated within the Information Memorandum;
- The structure and nature of the proposed Bidder's internal project team, which will support all aspects of the delivery of the Project, and the roles they will fulfil to ensure delivery;
- Provide a Gantt chart programme describing the delivery milestones across the Core Sites. This should demonstrate delivery in as short a timeframe as is realistically possible, subject to the Council Objectives in general and in consistency with answers submitted in response to the other ISFT questions;
- Key tools, techniques and approaches which will be utilised to ensure delivery;
- A cost effective approach to the delivery of the HNC that delivers the Councils requirements for a cost neutral financial solution to the delivery of the HNC;
- The approach to delivering genuinely affordable housing;
- Approach to long term asset management;
- Sales and marketing strategy with a particular focus on local residents in respect of residential uses. The response should cover both commercial and residential uses.;
- How opportunities for meanwhile uses that further the Council Objectives will be identified

and delivered: and

 Provide a detailed project risk register identifying delivery risks and demonstrating how they will be minimised and mitigated.

Bidders should also describe any other elements of their delivery strategies which they consider will enhance their response.

Your response must not exceed 12 x A4 pages and may include images and diagrams and 3 x A3 page project programme and 2 x A3 page risk register.

#### Q.3.2 Planning Strategy

5% (Available Scores 0-10)

For Final Tenders, the Council will be requiring a more advanced and detailed proposal in response to this question which should be prepared and submitted on the basis of the solutions discussed and presented during dialogue. The submission will take the form of a detailed proposal forming part of a draft Business Plan.

Obtaining planning consent across the Core Sites is critical to the overall success of the HSDP and an understanding of the necessary policy context, both existing and emerging is important.

#### **Key Issues**

Please provide an outline of your proposed 'Planning Strategy' to include the type of the consent to be sought and the reasons for this approach. Bidders should demonstrate why their proposals in this regard will improve the prospect of securing planning consent. Bidders' planning strategies should include the approach across the Core Sites.

Bidders should include in their submission their approach to the resident and stakeholder engagement and planning obligation elements of the planning process, and to the discharge of planning conditions.

Bidders should note it is likely that developments will need to feed into a District Heating Network; further detail is provided in the District Heating Network Guidance Note which can be accessed on the Portal.

For the purposes of the procurement Bidders should assume that they will be required to provide an on-site heat source together with an ability to connect at a later date as above.

Bidders should outline in their submission the components and method of their approach for achieving this and how it interacts with their overall proposals for development and meets the Council's overall objectives including the requirement for sustainability.

There are a number of supporting planning documents which can be found in the Data Room which Bidders should have regard to when answering this question.

Further, responses should include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- key planning policies considered relevant to the Project and why, together with how Bidders' proposals meet and interact with these policies;
- Identification of the key planning risks in delivering your approach and a mitigation strategy for each;
- Strategy for delivering a successful planning application considering the above, and detailing the steps required to achieve this;
- Strategy for successful engagement in support of the planning process with the Council and the GLA;
- A detailed programme of activity required to secure the necessary permission, including a clear timetable alongside each element of the planned activity showing critical paths/ dependencies;
- Where tall buildings are proposed details of their approach and strategy to include high quality design, environmental (wind, daylight/sunlight etc.) and visual impact assessments; and
- How the vision and delivery strategy has been influenced by your identified planning strategy, demonstrating a link between the timetable for implementing the planning strategy and the overall delivery strategy.

Your response must not exceed 10 x A4 pages. A Gantt chart is expected and may extend to 2x A3 pages.

#### 4 – Social Value – 10% of Total Mark

For Final Tenders, the Council will be requiring a more advanced and detailed proposal in response to this question which should be prepared and submitted on the basis of the solutions discussed and presented during dialogue. The response should set out clear commitments and proposals capable of being put into action on inception of the joint venture.

In January 2013 The Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012 (the "Social Value Act") became law. The Social Value Act requires the Council to consider how we can improve the economic, social and environmental well-being of our area through the procurement processes for services contracts subject to public procurement regulations.

In line with public procurement regulations the Council has also adopted a "Social Value Policy" that builds upon the Social Value Act to include a requirement for the Council to consider how it can improve the economic, social and environmental well-being of the area through all Council procurements and to measure the benefits that this brings to the communities it serves.

The social value agenda is a high priority for the Council, with the adoption of the Social Value Policy by the Council's Cabinet in January 2016 and the updated Social Value in Procurement Cabinet Report September 2017. The adoption of the Harrow Regeneration Strategy in December 2014 demonstrated the Council's intention that Harrow's community and businesses would benefit from the regeneration of the borough.

The delivery of this contract will assist in the achievement of the Council's key priorities and objectives around social, economic and environmental sustainability as described below:

- Skills and employment: Ensure Harrow residents (including those not in employment)
  benefit from the jobs created by the regeneration programme, are advised of new
  employment opportunities resulting from delivery of this contract so that they have the
  free and fair opportunity to compete for those opportunities. This can include working with
  the council, further education colleges and community groups to promote opportunities.
- To work with the Council to create new apprenticeships, training, placements and/or other skills development opportunities created through this contract;
- An Employer Guide to Apprenticeships can be found at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/take-on-an-apprentice">https://www.gov.uk/take-on-an-apprentice</a>
- To provide college/school talks on the career and employment opportunities resulting from this contract.
- Developing local supply chains: Ensure suppliers based in Harrow are advised of subcontracting and supply chain opportunities which result from delivery of this contract, in the same way as other suppliers have the opportunity to compete for those opportunities. Ensure sub-contracting arrangements enable SME's to compete for contracts.
- Environmental considerations: The delivery of this contract will promote greater environmental sustainability, ensuring issues relating to climate change, energy generation, heat transmission, re-use and re-cycle, waste, carbon emissions, energy, water, pollution, and biodiversity are addressed;

Capacity building support for voluntary and community organisations: Working with the
voluntary sector to build capacity in the areas in which they need help including IT,
governance, collaboration, generating income, financial and management issues, and
volunteer management. Supporting diversity through working towards a more
representative sector/designing for different needs, as the built environment professions
continue to suffer from under-representation of women, BAME, disabled people and other
protected characteristics under the Equality Act.

The three sites proposed and the developments within each, including new housing, will bring social, environmental and economic benefits to their respective local areas. The new developments should maximise the potential social value benefits to their local community during the development lifecycle, considering benefits to existing residents, new residents, businesses and other stakeholders in the local area as well as those expected to use the new development.

Delivering social value in Harrow is at the heart of everything the Council does and is fundamentally about achieving maximum value. 'Value' doesn't simply mean the best price, but rather looks at the wider context of achieving greater economic, social and environmental benefits for the local community.

#### Q4.1 Social Value Method Statement

10% (Available Scores 0 -5)

#### Key Issues

Bidders are required to provide a detailed 'Social Value Method Statement' which will set out a detailed, relevant, deliverable and measurable plan to meet the Council's Social Value Objectives across the full development cycle.

In drafting their 'Method Statement' Bidders should comply with the following documentation contained within the Data Room:

- SDPH Social Value Action Plan;
- Social Value Background Information 2018;
- Social Value Guidance;
- Social Value Policy.

The 'SDPH Social Value Action Plan' ranks the Council's priority requirements and the measures in this document should be incorporated into your response.

Further, responses need to include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- A detailed outline of each benefit (including targets, where appropriate, to details, figures and level of commitment) and how it will benefit Harrow;
- Implementation process for each benefit including how and when it is to be delivered, how the process will be managed, monitored and reported back to the Council. This should include firm evidence showing that the proposed benefit is realistic and deliverable:
- Response should be SMART (Specific, Measurable Achievable Relevant & Time bound);

- Bidders should identify any areas of expertise, the provision of which is reliant on subcontractors or partnership arrangements and how this will be managed.
- Detail how the Bidder will work with relevant Harrow Council, Harrow Community Voluntary Sector organisations and groups and other organisations and businesses, including existing training and infrastructure providers.
- Clarity on the funding approach to the social value workstream, indicating the sources of funding and any outside providers on whom success is dependent.
- Commentary on the wider economic development impacts of the developments and how the Bidder's proposal will shape these.

Your response must not exceed 12 x A4 pages and may include images and diagrams. The Social Value Method Statement will form part of the Overarching Business Plan appended to the Members' Agreement and will form the basis for tailored Phase specific Method Statements which will feed into the Phase Business Plans. The HSDP will be required to comply with these Business Plans over the life of the partnership.

# 5 – Finance and Business Planning – 40% of Total Mark

Q5.1 Financial Model and Overall Returns - Provide your Financial Model demonstrating the estimated total returns to the Council and confirming required financial metrics.

25% (Available Scores 0-10)

The Council's financial objectives are to generate sufficient returns to achieve a cost neutral position with respect to their funding of the HNC to be delivered by the HSDP and generate surplus receipts to reinvest in Council services. Cost neutrality in relation to the delivery of the HNC is a minimum expectation, achieved by positive financial returns from the Core Sites and this should be reflected in the Bidder's Financial Model.

#### Bidders will continue to be assessed on a pass/fail basis in relation to cost neutrality

The Council is also seeking to maximise the level of revenue that can be utilised to contribute to their medium and long-term financial strategy.

Bidders are required to submit financial proposals in respect of the HSDP reflecting their commercial proposals. Bidders are required to prepare a Financial Model based on the quantum, quality and phasing to be undertaken by the HSDP and this should reflect the responses provided in the qualitative sections of Bidder responses. The Financial Model should identify anticipated infrastructure costs, phasing, development costs etc. which in turn will inform the level of phasing equity together with the quantum of phasing of senior debt / development finance required by the HSDP to take forward development activity. Bidders should grow/index values and costs at 2.5% for the purposes of the base case modelling and evaluation.

Should Bidders consider that expectations of growth/inflation differ from the set values, these should be captured within the sensitivity analysis that will be required as part of Bidder submissions. Commentary should be provided setting out the potential implication on the outputs. Alternative versions of the model/model outputs using these assumptions may be submitted for information only.

As part of the submission, Bidders must supply an Excel model (detailing the finances of the proposed HSDP) to include the following:

Total returns to the Council, the Partner and the HSDP distinguishing between capital and revenue;

- A summary of the assumptions included in the model;
- A full consolidated annualised cash flow by Council financial year (1st April 31st March) for the duration of the HSDP to include sites proposed to be included on establishment of the HSDP;

- The proposed programme of delivery including quantums, typologies and timescales;
- Profile of coupon payments and loan repayments;
- Land value consideration for the development sites;
- Council Financial Template (see below).

#### **Key Issues**

The Council's key requirements when assessing this question will be to consider the following for the submitted Financial Model for the Core sites:

- Cost neutrality (as described below) and the ability to minimise the requirement of any impact on the Councils General Fund in relation to funding and financing the HNC;
- Deliverability of the financial and commercial propositions and assumptions;
- Ability to deliver early capital and sustainable long term revenue receipts;
- Ability of the proposals to maximise the Council's land value and surplus receipts after funding of the HNC;
- Sensitivity and robustness of the returns proposed in the submission to changes in market conditions;
- How the submission minimises the likelihood of viability issues; and minimisation of the Council's peak exposure;
- How proposals will maximise returns whilst minimising overall risk exposure.

#### **Cost Neutrality**

One of the Council's underlying commercial principles is to ensure that the HNC comes at no cost to the Council's General Fund budget. The capital and revenue returns that are received from the HSDP will need to be sufficient to fund the Council's borrowing and finance cost in relation to the HNC build.

In order to demonstrate cost neutrality Bidder responses will need to ensure that the returns from the HSDP cover the annual financing charge of the HNC. The Council's financing cost is made up of two elements:

- Interest costs
- Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) this is a charge to the general fund to fund the
  capital repayment of any borrowing related to the HNC. It is calculated on an annuity
  basis, based on the opening balance in the period and the remaining life of the asset.

In overall terms the equation for cost neutrality can therefore be considered as:

#### HSDP Returns (from Loan Note A1 and Equity) – Cost of HNC – Interest Costs > 0

HSDP Returns from Additional Loan Note B are not applied to fund the HNC build but are put aside to fund the Council's separate investment in this element of the scheme.

The financing costs are calculated annually, by Council Financial Year and can only be serviced from revenue receipts, not capital receipts. In years where there is insufficient project revenue receipts then the shortfall is made up by the Council's General Fund, leading to a negative cashflow in these years.

The Council recognises that the returns from HSDP will be dictated by the delivery programme and the build period and as such receipts will be received at different stages of the development lifecycle which could result in certain years having a negative cashflow while other years return a positive cashflow contribution towards the cost of the HNC.

However the Council is not in a position to sustain long periods of negative cashflows and as such Bidders will also need to submit proposals with the parameter of cost neutrality every 7 years. This means that over a 7 year period the cumulative cash position for the Council needs to remain positive.

The Council also recognises that Bidders will have different delivery programmes and as such the start date for the delivery of the HNC may be different in each bid. Therefore the first 7 year period will commence from the 1st financial year after Practical Completion of the HNC.

Similar to a standard commercial loan, it is possible to reduce the Council's financing costs by:

- Reducing the size of the initial loan incurred by the Council, using capital / revenue receipts generated from scheme commencement until the beginning of the Financial Year after the asset reaches Practical Completion. At this date the loan is effectively refinanced from a short term development loan to a long term investment loan, subject to interest payments and MRP.
- Early repayment of debt during the investment phase, above the target level of debt repayment (MRP). This reduces the opening balance in the following year and hence leads to lower financing costs in subsequent years. (Any early repayment fees are assumed to be managed by the Council's Treasury Management.)

To assist the Bidders in analysing cost neutrality the Financial Template includes working and output sheets which calculate and present the cost neutrality position. Given the interplay between delivery programme and cost neutrality, the template should be incorporated into Bidder's Financial Models early in the process to inform the optimal delivery programme.

#### **Key Outputs**

In order to evaluate proposals against the Council's requirements Bidders will be required to submit the following:

- a. Target return metric e.g. IRR; profit on cost, profit on value for the purposes of the residual land value calculation;
- b. Loan note coupon rate(s);
- c. Main contractor's profit margin (where applicable) (percentage of contract price or total build cost);
- d. Development Management Fee;
- e. Total Council Returns (Capital and Revenue);
- f. NPV of the Council's position, (excluding land investment but inclusive of Loan Note B cash investment and any GF funded MRP / interest costs related to the HNC);
- g. HSDP IRR (excluding DM fee); and
- h. Council peak equity exposure.

Bidder financial models should be built in a way to enable sensitivity analysis to be carried out in an easy and efficient manner. Bidders' submitted Financial Models must have run the sensitivity analysis.

NPVs are to be based on a discount rate of 3.50% real and 6.09% nominal at an assumed inflation rate of 2.50%, using quarterly period cashflows, assuming end period discounting, and discounted back to the start of the project.

Metrics a) to b) above will be written as fixed figures in the legal documentation. The Council expects that there will be no changes to the metrics set out within Bidders' submissions at ISOS stage that will have a negative impact on the Council's position as set out in ISOS submissions. Any adverse changes will only be acceptable if Bidders are able to demonstrate a significant change in circumstance that warrants reasonable amendment.

In the event the Bidder seeks to act as main contractor, the rate entered in the Financial Model under clause c) above will also be written as a fixed figure in the legal documentation. As above the Council does not expect there to be any adverse movements from the ISOS stage unless a demonstrable change in circumstance can be evidenced that would warrant a reasonable

amendment. The Council anticipates it will also be fixed for the remainder of the procurement and will not be subject to change at ISFT stage unless a demonstrable change in circumstance would warrant reasonable amendment.

Bidders are invited to improve on their financial and commercial proposals as set out at ISOS stage where additional value can be added to the Council's position. Bidders should explain their overall approach to the Development Management Fee including the basis on which the fee will be charged, the timing of incurrence and how the charge will be borne by the HSDP. Bidders should demonstrate value for money in delivering the services identified at Schedule 2 to the Development Management Agreement, with respect to the quantum of fee anticipated and the range and quality of expertise to be provided, providing a breakdown of costs expected to be covered by the Development Management Fee.

Bidders should note that costs associated with the operation and management of the HSDP itself should be identified separately from the Development Management Fee, which should relate to the delivery of the services identified within the Development Management Agreement Schedule 2. Operational costs should be estimated, justified with supporting commentary and included in the Financial Model but should not be included in the Development Management Fee.

Bidders should also demonstrate minimisation of the negative impact of charging the Development Management Fee on the profitability of the HSDP. The profile and treatment of the Development Management Fee within the model should clearly match this overall approach.

Any proposal will need to ensure that the Development Management Fee will incorporate a cap which will be included in the contractual documentation of the HSDP.

The Council is keen to seek proposals in relation to the Development Management Fee which optimises the Council and HSDP's cashflow position and profitability. The Council expect that the profile of the fee payments should be such that ensures that the Development Manager remains incentivised to manage the development programme efficiently and cost are kept under control. As such the Council is looking to ensure that payments are proportionate to the spend that has been incurred by the Development Manager or in line with the profile of development expenditure and that fees are not paid out by the HSDP in excess of expenditure being incurred at any given point in time. Proposals which seek to improve on this position are welcomed by the Council.

Where Bidders are proposing the Development Management Fee on the basis of a percentage of Development Costs, then the Council proposes that a charge will operate on a tranche basis and Bidders must provide the percentages they will seek to charge by filling out the below table:

Total Development Cost for Site – Tranche	Development Fee
£0 - £10,000,000	[]%
£10,000,001 - £30,000,000	[]%
£30,000,001 - £50,000,000	[]%
£50,000,001+	[]%

The example below illustrates the operation of the tranche approach, where a project has a Development Cost of £20m and fees of 3% and 2% respectively are applied to the first two tranches:

Tranche	Value within Tranche	Development Fee	Fee Amount
£0 - £10,000,000	£10,000,000	3%	£300,000
£10,000,001 - £30,000,000	£10,000,000	2%	£200,000
		Total	£500,000

The fee entered in the Financial Model under clause d) above must reflect the rates entered into this table. This table will also be entered as fixed figures in the legal documentation. Once again the Council does not expect an increase in Development Management Fee from the ISOS stage, though improvements in Bidder propositions are welcomed.

If Bidders are proposing to charge a Development Management Fee on an alternative basis they must set out the approach and how the fee will be charged, demonstrating how this approach will address the Key Issues as set out within this question. They must also provide a cap on the total Development Management Fee that will apply for the delivery of developments within the HSDP.

Evaluation of the Bidders' submitted financial and commercial proposals will be subject to a robustness test.

Bidders must submit evidence to support their adopted assumptions in relation to development values, build costs and fees and any other key assumptions that drive the Council's returns and

overall position. Evidence should comprise market evidence, benchmarking and supporting commentary explaining why the adopted assumptions are reasonable.

#### **Question - specific technical requirements**

The Financial Model must be built in Microsoft Excel. Copied and pasted values extracted from Argus / proprietary property software are not acceptable. The Financial Model must:

- show data inputs, outputs and the working area completely separately;
- not be circular;
- not contain any hard coded data other than in the input area;
- not incorporate a password protection, and no sheets or cells should be hidden, locked or subject to password protection;
- not contain protected macros (i.e. where the source code cannot be viewed).

More broadly, general model - build good practice is strongly encouraged.

The Financial Model should be built in a clear and transparent manner, i.e. a clear flow from inputs through workings to outputs, consistency of formulae within calculation blocks and a breakdown of complex calculations into a series of simpler formulae. This will reduce the number of modelling clarifications, establishing how the Bidder's Financial Model works.

Should there be a material concern regarding the validity of the Bidder's Financial Model, either in respect of the logical integrity of the calculations or in respect of the way that it reflects the Bidder's commercial and legal proposals, and then this may be reflected in the Robustness Score.

The Financial Model should incorporate the information requested in each Bidder's Financial Template, with formulae in the outputs section of the Financial Template linking directly back through to the Financial Model, not pasted values. All sheets within the Financial Template should be copied together directly into the Bidder's Financial Model, including the internal MRP working sheets. Should advice be required on how to do this then please contact the Council via the portal for assistance.

The Financial Template does not set out the format of the workings area. However, it is anticipated that Bidder Financial Models will include the following functionality:

- land valuation section showing how the Council's loan note in respect of land value is calculated;
- sources and uses section showing how deficit is funded;

- cash waterfall showing how surplus cash is used to repay funding and to distribute profit;
   and
- corkscrew accounts (i.e. opening balance, additions, repayments and closing balance on separate rows) showing the position of debt, loan notes and any cash reserve. Principal and any rolled up interest should be presented on separate corkscrew accounts.
- It is important for the Council to separately identify repayment of rolled up interest and of principal as the former is revenue and the latter capital.
- cashflows set to a periodicity which allows the model to calculate interest costs to a
  reasonable approximation of accuracy. The Financial Model Template requires quarterly
  cashflows so the model periodicity should be at least quarterly. If Bidders wish to model
  monthly cashflows in their working sheets then this is acceptable but these will need to
  converted across to quarterly cashflows on the output Template.

The final Financial Model submitted should be provided with a short User Guide. It is not envisaged that this document will be particularly long. It will set out:

- a high level overview of the model structure;
- how to switch from the base case to a sensitivity; and
- how the model should be re-optimised if inputs are changed (i.e. any macros which need to be run or any other steps which need to be taken to set the Financial Model to maximise the Council's return, while satisfying all constraints within the Financial Model).

Your response should incorporate the Financial Model alongside a commentary and summary of the outputs of your model. The summary of the model key considerations and outputs should be set out within 10 x A4 pages.

Bidders will also have the ability to provide an appendix for their evidence base which should not exceed 50 x A4 pages. The appendix should comprise of market evidence benchmarking and supporting commentary explaining why the adopted assumptions are reasonable. A high level cost plan should be included. This need not be a full elemental cost plan but rather should reflect the level of detail within the Bidder's submission to questions 2 and 3 in the and be sufficient to demonstrate reasonableness of assumptions compared to similar projects.

#### Q5.2 Phased land value mechanism 7.5%

**Q5.2.1 – Methodology** 2.5% (Available Scores 0 -10)

#### **Q5.2.2 – Percentage uplift** 5% (Relative Scoring)

Please confirm your proposed land valuation methodology and proposed proportionate allocation of any land value uplift as between the Council and the HSDP on a phased basis.

The Council's proposed methodology for land valuation ("Land Valuation Methodology") is set out below.

The Council envisages that there will be an initial valuation of the entire landholding for the Project following satisfaction of the last of the Phase Conditions in relation to Phase 1 (the "Initial Market Value"), comprised of a series of valuations for the individual phases (the "Initial Phase Land Values"), and that each phase will then be re-valued at the point of phase land drawdown (the "Updated Market Valuations").

The Council proposes that a Financial Model is agreed between the parties for use in assessing the land value and that this agreed model will be used at each stage of the land valuation process. This will include agreeing the development value and cost model inputs which the model will require.

In assessing the Initial Market Value, the actual figures to be entered into the model will be agreed between the parties at that time. At each of the Updated Market Valuations, the figures will again be agreed between the parties as at that time with reference to the relevant Phase Business Plan.

The Council further proposes that a proportion of any uplift in value between the Initial Market Value and the Updated Market Valuations should be reflected in the Phase Value (as defined within the Development Agreement), which will constitute the value of the Council Loan Notes.

In the event of a reduction in value between the Initial Market Value and Updated Market Valuation Bidders are requested to provide a proposal as to how this will be dealt with. This will be evaluated as part of the Q5.2.1 - Methodology.

Indicative worked examples of this proposed Land Valuation Mechanism are provided below: Bidders' responses to this question should comprise the following:

- **5.2.1 a)** Confirmation whether the Bidder agrees to the Land Valuation Methodology described above, or proposes amendments;
  - **b)** What inputs in terms of costs and values Bidders are seeking to include within this calculation and the treatment of any inflation or discounting;
- **5.2.2** Proposed percentage of any uplift in land value, as calculated using the Land Valuation Methodology, which will be applied in order to calculate the Phase Lease Value.

Where Bidders propose amendments to the Land Valuation Methodology they should demonstrate the impact of their proposed amendments. In all cases Bidders should confirm their proposal in relation to the uplift share in the form of a percentage of the uplift.

The two elements of this question – the Land Valuation Methodology and the percentage share of land value uplift – will be assessed separately in accordance with the Evaluation Methodology.

In the event that the Land Valuation Methodology is agreed then Bidders should include the above description in the HSDP Business Plan.

Initial Market Value for Peel assumptions as at Phase 1 drawdown

GDV	£44,000,000
Costs	£30,000,000
Finance charge	£2,000,000
Profit	£9,000,000
Residual/ Phase Land	£3,000,000
Value	

Updated Market Value on Revaluation

GDV	£46,000,000	
Costs	£30,000,000	
Finance charge	£2,000,000	
Profit	£9,000,000	
Residual/ Phase Land	£5,000,000	
Revaluation		

- Land Uplift offered by Bidder = 50%

#### Phase Value calculation

- Initial Land Phase Value = £3,000,000
- Phase Land Revaluation = £5,000,000
- Uplift = £2,000,000
- Percentage = 50%
- Phase Value = £3,000,000 + (£2,000,000 \* 50%) = £ $\frac{4,000,000}{1}$

Your response must not exceed 4 x A4 pages

#### Q5.3 Funding Strategy – 5%

Bidders should set out how they would go about funding the Core Sites in the most efficient manner. Bidders should explain how they would look to minimise the cost of finance to the HSDP and as well as the peak equity exposure of each partner while maintaining speed of delivery.

For each of the Core Sites, Bidders should:

- evidence the estimated funding requirements of the development with reference to their Financial Model;
- describe how funding will be secured as required, including the extent of gearing proposed and how funding will be secured from third party sources, including the nature of those sources;
- describe how funding risk will be managed and minimised with reference to the funding requirements estimated in their Financial Model;
- describe any sources of third party grant funding that Bidders propose could be secured in future or how opportunities to explore such funding will be explored, maximising receipt of such funding. Bidders should note that grant funding should not be included within the model given the uncertainty of obtaining grant funding at this stage;
- set out the estimated cost of finance with reference to available evidence, how this will be
  minimised and how the peak equity exposure of each partner will be minimised while
  maintaining speed of delivery;
- demonstrate minimisation of finance cost for funding required prior to land drawdown;
- demonstrate availability of funds required from the sources proposed including evidence from third parties if appropriate;
- describe the approach to funding HSDP operational costs.

Your response must not exceed 5 x A4 pages

# Q5.4 Development Management Fee – Community Facilities – 2.5% (Available Scores 0 -10)

There is the potential for the Council to utilise the expertise and the supply chain of the HSDP to undertake Community Works in the future, with the HNC the first opportunity within the Core Sites. These may include for example schools, leisure centre, or community centre works.

It is anticipated that such works will be undertaken on a contracting basis, managed by the HSDP.

Bidders are asked to provide the Development Management Fee they propose to charge for work of this type as distinct from the Development Management Fee to be charged for development projects as set out above (the fees may be different or the same at the discretion of the Bidder).

The Council expects Bidders through the response to this Question to:

 describe their general approach to delivery of Community Works, using the HNC as an example but making clear how they will approach community schemes in general, including how they will secure and manage contracts, ensuring that projects will be delivered effectively, efficiently and to programme;

- describe the role of the Partner and HSDP in delivering the Community Works. Where the
  Partner will provide services, provide a schedule of the services to be delivered and for
  which the Development Management Fee will be charged, including a breakdown of
  costs and resource that will be provided, demonstrating value for money with respect to
  the quantum of fee anticipated and the range and quality of expertise to be provided. If
  any required services will be delivered by third parties these should be identified;
- describe the amount and proposed profile of the Development Management Fee to be charged for the HNC, including what milestones will be used for payment if any, and an estimate of any third party costs, minimising the Council's costs.

If Bidders are proposing to charge a Development Management Fee on the basis of a percentage of construction costs, then the Council proposes that the charge will operate on a tranche basis, and Bidders must provide the percentage rates they will seek to charge by filling out the table below:

Total Construction Cost for Site - Tranche	Development Fee
£0 - £20,000,000	[]%
£20,000,001 - £30,000,000	[]%
£30,000,001 - £40,000,000	[]%
£40,000,001+	[]%

The example below illustrates the operation of the tranche approach, where a project has a total build cost of £40m and fees of 3%, 2% and 1% respectively are applied to the first three tranches:

Tranche	Value Tranche	within	Development Fee	Fee Amount
£0 - £20,000,000	£20,000,00	0	1%	£200,000
£20,000,001 £30,000,000	- £10,000,00	0	2%	£200,000
£30,000,001 £40,000,000	- £10,000,00	0	3%	£300,000
			Total	£700,000

If Bidders are proposing to charge a Development Management Fee on an alternative basis they must set out the approach and how the fee will be charged, demonstrating how this approach will meet the Councils requirements to provide value for money, minimise the overall cost of the Community Facilities and reduce the Councils peak exposure. Bidders must also provide a cap on total Development Management Fee that will apply for the delivery of Community Works, expressed as a percentage of construction cost.

The Development Management Fee cap will be included within the HSDP contractual documentation.

Any margin in relation to risk transfer in respect of the Community Works should be clearly stated within the Financial Model.

Your response must not exceed 6 x A4 pages

# 6 – Legal – 10% of Total Mark

Bidders are required to review the draft Contracts. These Contracts are the same as those issued at ISDS.

As part of their Final Tender submission, Bidders must either confirm that they accept the Contracts without amendment, or otherwise that they require changes. Where amendments are proposed they should be provided in the form of a mark-up of the Contracts together with an accompanying Legal Commentary Table to set out the rationale for each amendment in the following format:

Clause	Title	Original position in Contracts issued at ISFT	Description of Change	Commentary and Justification
[Clause]	[title of clause]	[state position]	[summary of description of change]	[detailed explanation of the change, which should address matters relevant to understanding the justification for the amendment]

The Council will assess any amendments in accordance with the Final Tender Evaluation Methodology to determine whether the proposed amendments materially alter the balance of risk between the Bidder or the Council and its counterparties. Those assessments will be used to determine an overall score that takes into account the aggregate effect of all suggested amendments to the Contracts.

Where a Bidder does not provide a mark-up, it must confirm in writing that it has no comments and accepts the Contracts as drafted.

Bidders are also required to submit the completed Questionnaire issued via the Portal to demonstrate the commercial offer of the Bidder and where it is included in the Contracts to demonstrate consistency of approach across the tender submission.

# **Scoring**

Responses to questions 1 (1.1 and 1.2), 2 (2.1, 2.2, 2.3) and 3 (3.1 and 3.2) will be marked in accordance with the following scoring matrix:

Score	Term	Characteristics
0	Unacceptable	The response fails to demonstrate that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives and fails to address any of the key issues set out in the question.
2	Poor	The response demonstrates to a limited extent that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives, and addresses some though not all of the key issues set out in the question.
4	Satisfactory	The response demonstrates to some extent that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives, and addresses all the key issues set out in the question.
6	Good	The response demonstrates to a large extent that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives, and meets all and exceeds some of the key issues set out in the question.
8	Very Good	The response demonstrates to a great extent that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives, and meets all and exceeds the majority key issues set out in the question.
10	Excellent	The response clearly demonstrates that the proposals will meet the Council Objectives, and meets and exceeds all of the key issues set out in the question.

Responses in relation to Question 4 (Social Value) shall be marked in accordance with the following scoring matrix:

Score	Assessment	Descriptor
0	Unacceptable	The social value offer and supporting information required is either omitted or fundamentally fails to meet the relevant Social Value Requirements. Insufficient evidence to support the proposal to allow the Council to evaluate.
1	Poor	The social value offer and supporting information submitted has insufficient evidence to demonstrate that the relevant Social Value Requirements can be met. Significant omissions, serious and/or many concerns.
2	Fair	The social value offer and supporting information submitted has some minor omissions in respect of the relevant Social Value Requirements. The offer and method statement satisfies the basic requirements in some respects but is unsatisfactory in other respects and raises some concerns
3	Good	The social value offer and supporting information submitted provides some good evidence to meet the relevant Social Value Requirements and is satisfactory in most respects and there are no major concerns.

4	Very Good	The social value offer and supporting information submitted provides good evidence that all the Social Value Requirements can be met. Full and robust response, any concerns are addressed so that the proposal gives confidence.
5	Outstanding	The social value offer and supporting information submitted provides strong evidence that all the Social Value Requirements can be met and the proposal exceeds expectations provides full confidence and no concerns.

Responses in relation to Question 5 (Finance and Business Planning) shall be marked in accordance with the following approach:

Question 5.1 will be scored in two ways:

#### 1) Cost Neutrality – Pass/Fail

Pass – Financial Proposals deliver as a minimum a cost neutral position for the Council as set out in the financial template

Fail – Financial Proposals do not deliver as a minimum a cost neutral position for the Council as set out in the financial template. If a Bidder 'Fails' they will be deemed non-compliant and will be excluded from the procurement.

2) For Bidders who 'Pass' the cost neutrality threshold, question 5.1 will then be scored as follows:

#### Financial Score x Robustness Score = Adjusted Financial Score

Financial Score will be assessed in accordance with the following matrix

Score	Term	Characteristics	
0	Unacceptable	The response fails to demonstrate how the proposals will meet the Council's key requirements as set out in the question and leaves the Council with significant concerns that the delivery of the Council Objectives and site developments could be severely compromised	
2	Poor	The response demonstrates to a limited extent how the proposals will meet the Council's key requirements as set out in the question and leaves the Council with some reservations that the delivery of the Council Objectives and site developments could be compromised	
4	Satisfactory	The response demonstrates to some extent how the proposals will meet the majority of the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns around the deliverability of the Council Objectives and site developments.	
6	Good	The response demonstrates to some extent how the proposals will meet all of the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns around the deliverability of the Council Objectives and site developments.	
8	Very Good	The response demonstrates to a great extent how the proposals will meet all of the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns around the deliverability of the Council Objectives and site developments.	
10	Excellent	The response clearly demonstrates that the proposals will exceed all the Council's key requirements as set out in question and provides mechanisms to protect the deliverability of the Council Objectives and site developments.	

Robustness will be assessed in accordance with the following matrix:

Score	Term	Characteristics	
0.2	Very Poor	No evidence provided to demonstrate appropriateness of adopted assumptions and/or there are major concerns over the robustness of the Model or consistency with the rest of the Bidder's submission.	
0.4	Poor	Limited evidence provided to demonstrate appropriateness of adopted assumptions and/or there are concerns around material assumptions, and/or there are some concerns over the robustness of the Model or consistency with the rest of the Bidder's submission.	
0.6	Satisfactory	Evidence supplied provides reasoned justification for adopted assumptions to some extent and/or there are minor concerns around material assumptions, and/or there are minor concerns over the robustness of the Model or consistency with the rest of the Bidder's submission.	
0.8	Good	Evidence supplied provides reasoned justification for adopted assumptions to a large extent and there are no concerns around material assumptions and there are no material concerns over the robustness of the Model or consistency with the rest of the Bidder's submission.	
1.0	Very Good	Evidence supplied provides very clear and reasoned justification for adopted assumptions and there are no concerns around material assumptions and there are no material concerns over the robustness of the Model or consistency with the rest of the Bidder's submission.	

Bidders must achieve an Adjusted Financial Score (i.e. the combination of the Financial Score and Robustness Score) of at least 2 for this Question 5.1. The Council will treat any bid that achieves an Adjusted Financial Score of less than 2 as non-compliant and to exclude the Bidder from the Procurement.

For example:

Financial Score (4) x Robustness Score (0.6) = Adjusted Financial Score (2.4) = compliant

Financial Score (4) x Robustness Score (0.4) = Adjusted Financial Score (1.6) = non - compliant

Question 5.2 will be scored in accordance with the following matrix:

5.2.1

Score	Term	Characteristics	
0	Unacceptable	Does not meet the requirement. Does not accept the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Council – and/or the Bidder has proposed amendments which alter the risk allocation to a wholly unacceptable degree.	
2	Poor	Reservations of the Bidder's acceptance of some of the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Council – substantial deviations from the Authority's position that would materially adversely affect the Council's position.	
4	Satisfactory	Demonstration by the Bidder of the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Council with material deviations that would adversely affect the Council's position.	

6	Good	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of the majority of the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Council. Some deviations whose cumulative effect adversely affects the Council's position but not to a significant extent.	
8	Very Good	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of the vast majority of the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Authority. No material deviations from the Council's position except where the Bidder has demonstrated that there is no material detriment to the Council in its proposals.	
10	Excellent	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of all terms of the methodology and risk allocation as proposed by the Council together with suggestions (and justification) which will offer significant added value.	

5.2.2

The Bidder with the highest percentage uplift will be awarded 10 marks.

Other Bidders will be awarded marks as follows:

$$\frac{\textit{Bidder Percentage Uplift}}{\textit{Highest Percentage Uplift}} \ x \ 10$$

Question 5.3 will be scored in accordance with the following matrix:

Score	Term	Characteristics	
0	Unacceptable	The response fails to demonstrate how the proposals will meet the Council's key requirements as set out in the question and there are significant concerns that the delivery of the Councils Objectives and site developments will be compromised.	
2	Poor	The response demonstrates to a limited extent how the proposals will meet the Council's key requirements as set out in the question and there are concerns that the delivery of the Councils Objectives and site developments will be compromised	
4	Satisfactory	The response demonstrates to some extent how the proposals will meet the majority of the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns that the delivery of the Councils Objectives and site developments will be compromised.	
6	Good	The response demonstrates to a some extent how the proposals will meet all of the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns around the deliverability of the Councils Objectives and site developments.	
8	Very Good	The response demonstrates to a great extent how the proposals will meet all the Council's key requirements as set out in question and there are no material concerns around the deliverability of the Councils Objectives and site developments.	
10	Excellent	The response clearly demonstrates that the proposals will exceed all the Council's key requirements as set out in question and provides mechanisms to protect the deliverability of the Council's Objectives and site developments.	

Question 5.4 will be scored as follows:

Bidders will submit their proposed Development Fee rates a, b, c and d as follows:

Tranche	Development Fee
£0 - £20,000,000	a%
£20,000,001 - £30,000,000	b%
£30,000,001 - £40,000,000	С%
£40,000,001+	d%

The submitted rates will then be evaluated with reference to three 'dummy' projects as follows:

Project A - £20,000,000 Construction Cost

Tranche	Assumed Value within Tranche	Development Fee	Fee Amount
£0 - £20,000,000	£2,000,000	a%	£20,000,000 x a%
		Total	Sum of above = Project A Fee

Project B - £30,000,000 Construction Cost

Tranche	Assumed Value within Tranche	Development Fee	Fee Amount
£0 - £20,000,000	£20,000,000	a%	£5,000,000 x a%
£2,0000,001 - £30,000,000	£10,000,000	b%	£5,000,000 x b%
		Total	Sum of above = Project B Fee

Project C - £50,000,000 Construction Cost

Tranche	Assumed Value within Tranche	Development Fee	Fee Amount
£0 - £20,000,000	£20,000,000	a%	£20,000,000 x a%
£20,000,001 - £30,000,000	£10,000,000	b%	£10,000,000 x b%
£30,000,001 - £40,000,000	£10,000,000	с%	£10,000,000 x c%
£40,000,000+	£10,000,000	d%	£10,000,000 x d%
		Total	Sum of above = Project C Fee

Each Bidder's total Assumed Development Fee will then be calculated by weighting the Project Fees as follows:

Bidder Assumed Development Fee = (40% x Project A Fee) + (30% x Project B Fee) + (30% x Project C Fee)

The Bidder with the lowest Assumed Development Fee will be awarded 10 marks.

Other Bidders will be awarded marks as follows:

 $\frac{Lowest\ Assumed\ Development\ Fee}{Bidder\ Assumed\ Development\ Fee}\ x\ 10$ 

Responses to Question 6 (Legal) shall be marked in accordance with the following scoring matrix:

Bidders should note that any response to Question 6 (Legal) which scores '0 – Unacceptable' will be marked as a 'Fail' and will be excluded from the procurement process.

Score	Term	Characteristics	
0	Unacceptable	Does not meet the requirement. Does not accept the material terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council – and/or the Bidder has proposed amendments which alter the risk allocation to a wholly unacceptable degree.	
2	Poor	Reservations of the Bidder's acceptance of some of the terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council – substantial deviations from the Council's position that would materially adversely affect the Council's position.	
4	Satisfactory	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of some of the terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council with material deviations that would adversely affect the Council's position.	
6	Good	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of the majority of the material terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council. Some deviations whose cumulative effect adversely affects the Council's position but not to a significant extent.	
8	Very Good	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of the vast majority of the material terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council. No material deviations from the Council's position except where the Bidder has demonstrated that there is no material detriment to the Council in its proposals.	
10	Excellent	Demonstration by the Bidder of its acceptance of all the material terms of the draft Contracts and risk allocation as proposed by the Council together with suggestions (and justification) which will offer significant added value.	